





#### Index

#### Manual Mikado LOGO 500SE

				_
Safety Instructions				. 2
Tools for Assembly & R/C Equipment				. 2
1 Mainframe				. 3
2 Tail Rotor & Tail Boom				. 4
3 Main Gear & Tail Boom Assembly.				. 5
4 V-Bar Rotor Head				. 6
5 Servo Installation				. 7
6 Mounting the Motor				. 8
7 Canopy Mounting				. 8
8 Radio and Battery				. 9
9 Overview Chassis				10
10 Overview Tail Rotor				
11 Overview V-Bar Head				12

Max. rotorhead rpm LOGO 500SE: 2000

Max. collective range: +/- 12°

Max. Rotor blade size: 550 mm - 600 mm Max. LiPo Akku size: 6S 5000 mAh

LOGO 500SE is not recommended for novices. This helicopter is a complex system. Basic knowledge of the function of a model helicopter is required to build and operate the LOGO 500SE.

Note: There is no bag 4 and 10. The bags are numbered 1 to 12, with the exception of 4 and 10.

# **Safety Instructions**

#### **OPERATING YOUR MODEL SAFELY**

Operate the helicopter in spacious areas with no people nearby.

!Warning: Do NOT operate the helicopter in the following places and situations (or else you risk severe accidents):

- in residential areas and parks
- indoors and in limited space
- in windy weather or when there is any rain, snow, fog or other precipitation

If you do not observe these instructions you may be held reliable for personal injury or property damage!

Always check the R/C system prior to operating your hot enough to cause burns. helicopter. When the R/C system batteries get weaker, the operational range of the R/C system decreases. Note that you may lose control of your model when operating PRIORTO ADJUSTING AND OPERATING YOUR MOit under such conditions.

be operating a R/C model.

the same time. Radio signals will be mixed and you will lose control of your model.

to a halt immediately. Turn off all power switches and disconnect the batteries. Investigate the reason and fix fly alone! the problem. Do not operate the model again as long as the problem is not solved, as this may lead to further

trouble and unforeseen accidents.

#### ! Warning: In order to prevent accidents and personal injury, be sure to observe the following:

Before flying the helicopter, ensure that all screws are • in places where children gather or people pass through tightened. A single loose screw may cause a major accident.

> Replace all broken or defective parts with new ones, as damaged parts lead to crashes.

> Never approach a spinning rotor. Keep at least 10 meters/yards away from a spinning rotor blades.

> Do not touch the motor immediately after use. It may be

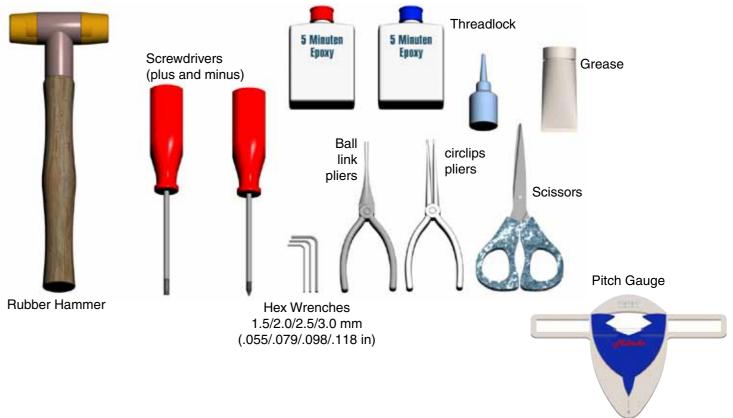
Perform all necessary maintenance.

### **DEL, OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING**

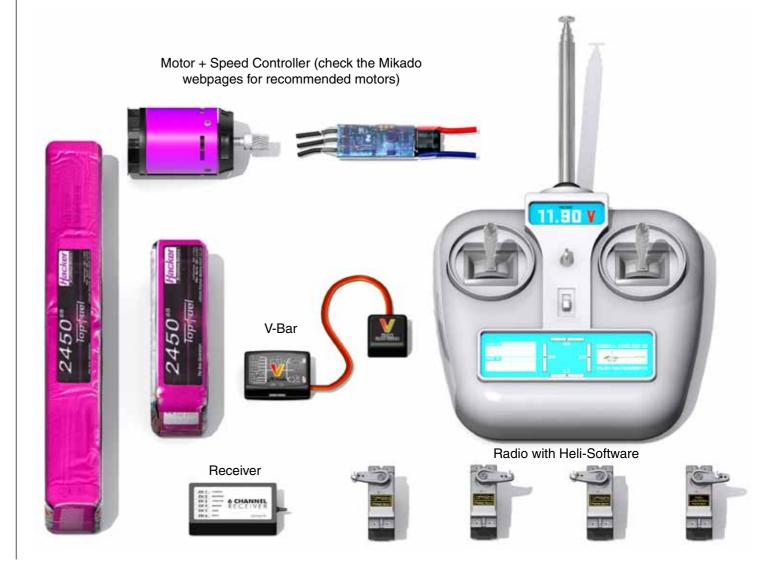
!Warning: Operate the helicopter only outdoors and out Keep in mind that other people around you might also of people's reach as the main rotor operates at high rpm! ! Warning: While adjusting, stand at least 10 meters/ yards away from the helicopter!

Never use a frequency which someone else is using at Novice R/C helicopter pilots should always seek advice from experienced pilots to obtain hints with assembly and for pre-flight adjustments. Note that a badly assembled or insufficiently adjusted helicopter is a safety hazard! If the model shows irregular behavior, bring the model In the beginning, novice R/C helicopter pilots should always be assisted by an experienced pilot and never

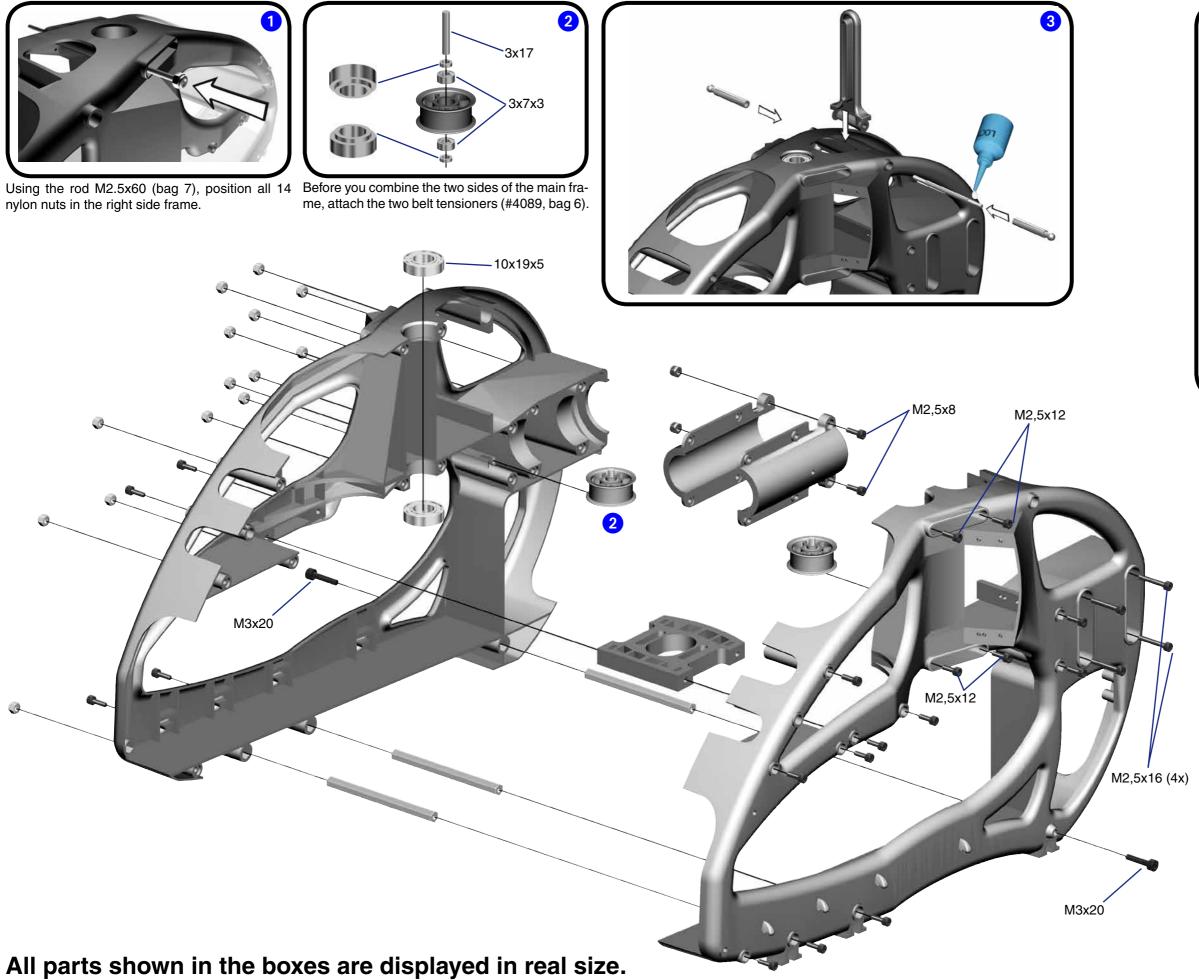
### **Tools for Assembly & R/C Equipment**



Alle shown products are examples. You may use different brands.

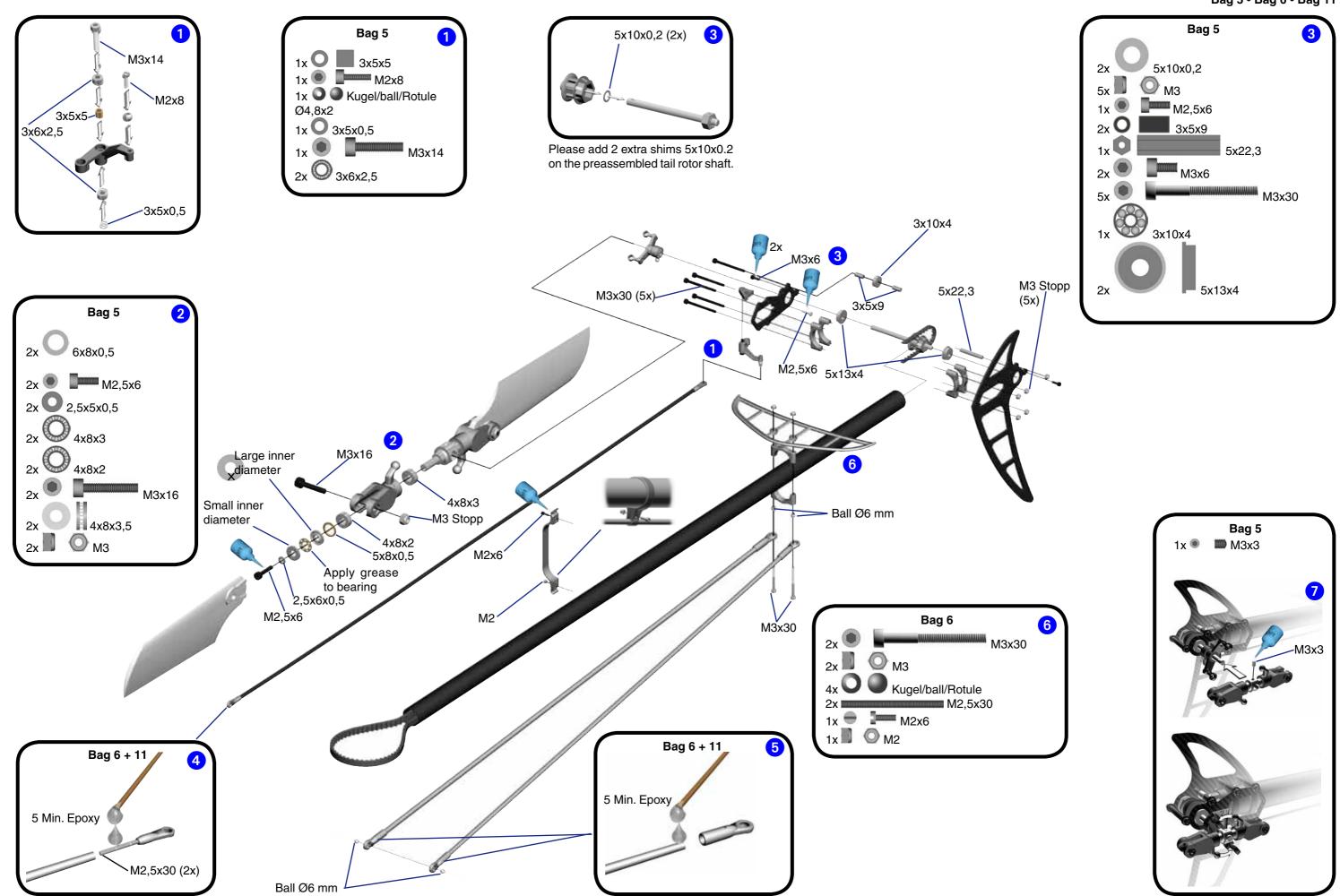


# 1 Mainframe



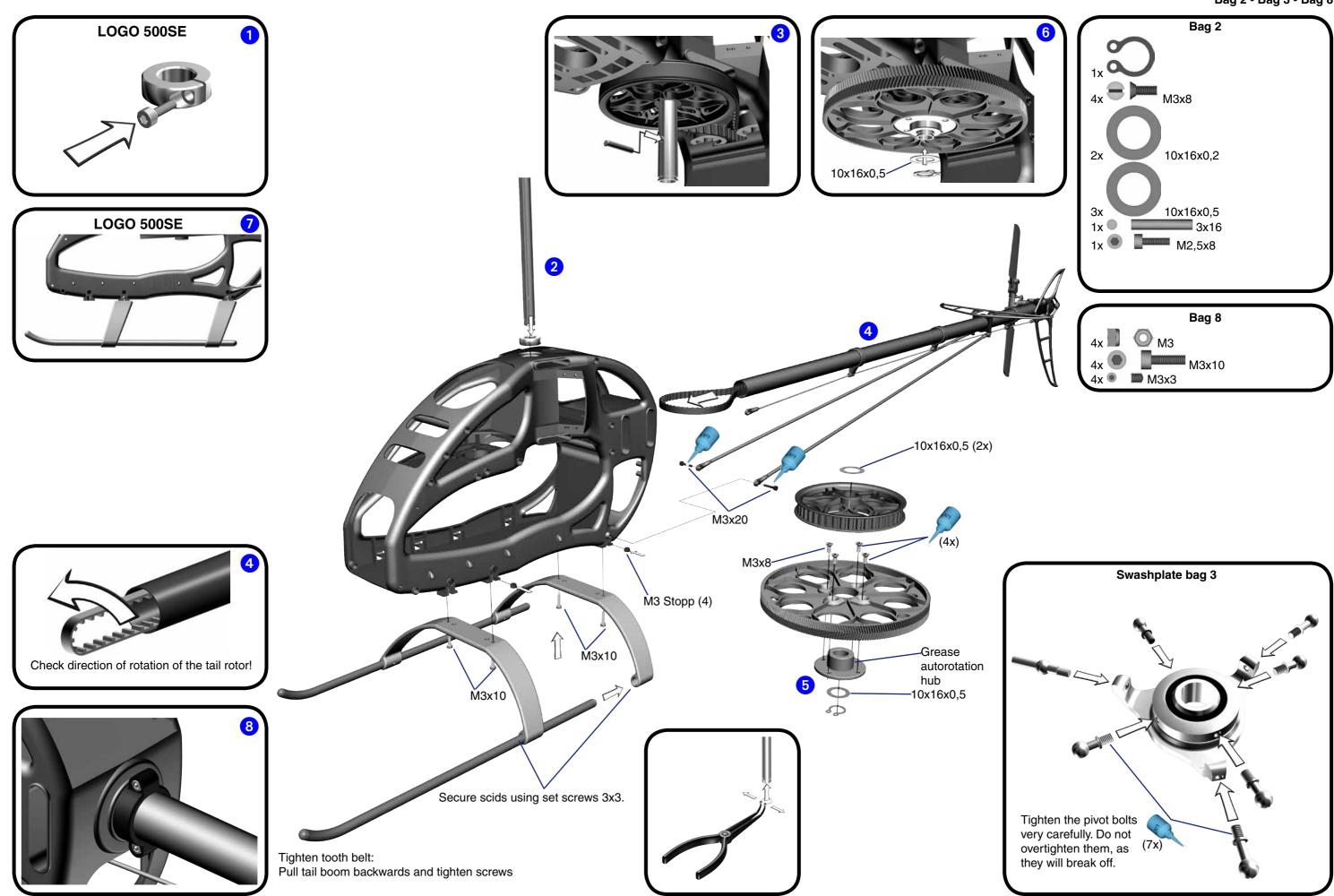
### 2 Tail Rotor & Tail Boom

Bag 5 • Bag 6 • Bag 11



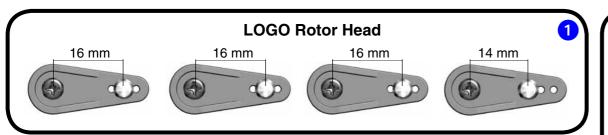
# 3 Main Gear & Tail Rotor Assembly

Bag 2 • Bag 3 • Bag 8

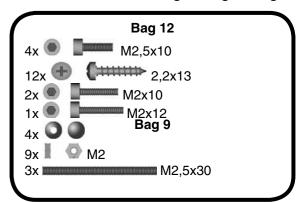


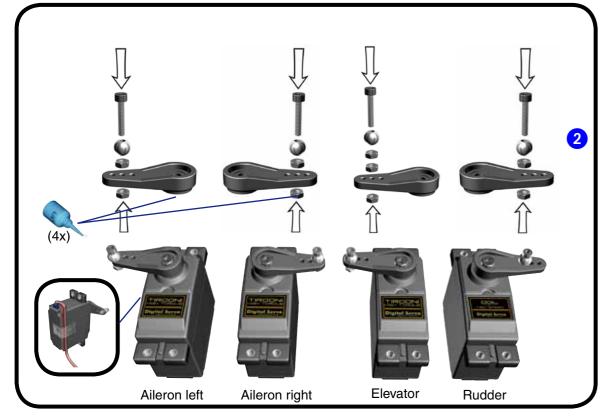
# **4 Servo Installation**

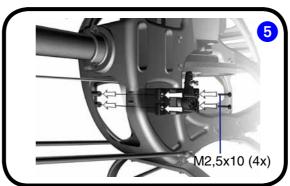
Bag 1 • Bag 9 • Bag 12

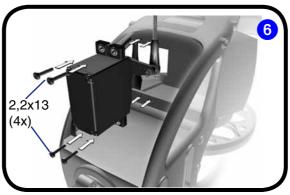


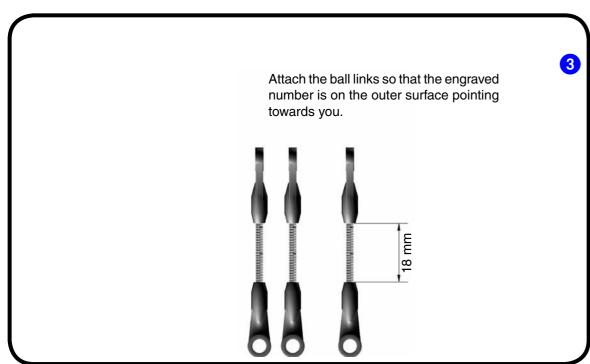




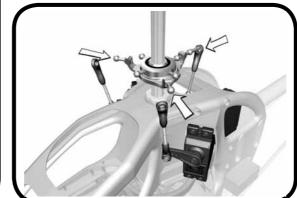


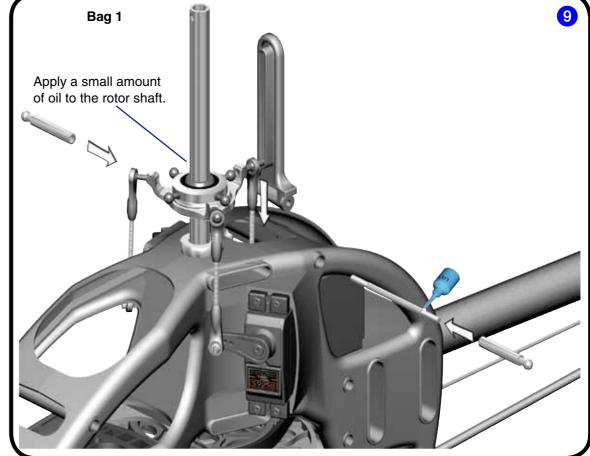






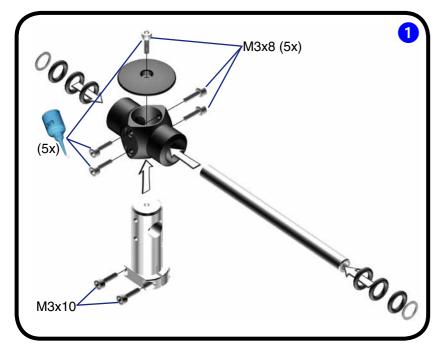


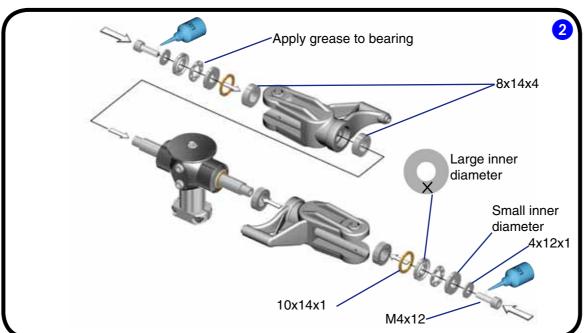


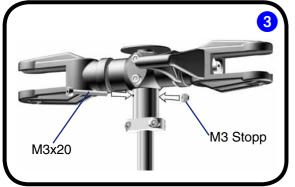


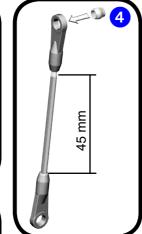
### **5 V-Bar Rotor Head**

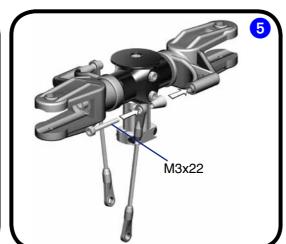
Bag 7

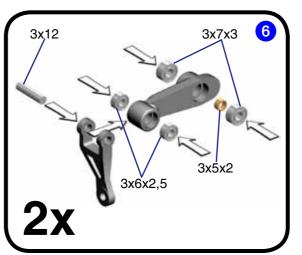


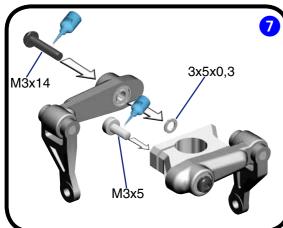


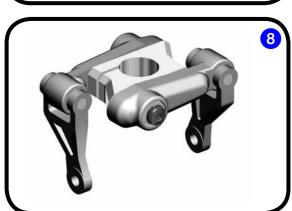


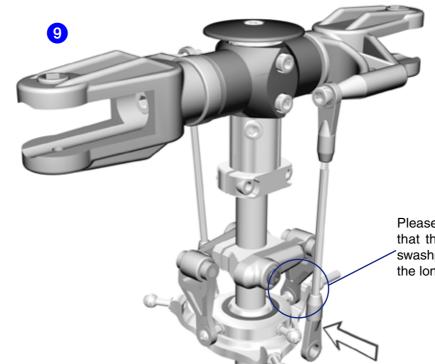












Please adjust the swashplate driver in such a way that the balls on the inner and outer ring of the swashplate are positioned exactly on a line along the longitudinal axis of the heli.





# 

Bag 1 • Bag 12

#### **Installation of the Motor Pinion**

Screw the motor pinion onto the motor shaft, making sure that it can still be moved. Now mount the motor on the motor plate and move the pinion so it is aligned well with the main gear. As visual help for aligning the pinion you may use the small ridge which separates the two parts of the pinion. When the pinion is aligned correctly it will easily engage with the main gear. If the pinion does not engage with the main gear, it is not correctly aligned. After the pinion is correctly aligned, take the motor out of the mainframe and tighten the set screw.

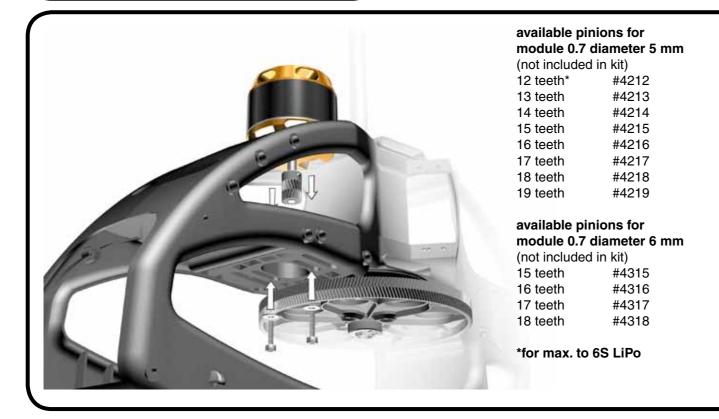
#### Gear Backlash

Move the motor with the pinion until it is limited by the gear. Tighten one of the M4x14 screws slightly. You must still be able to swivel the motor around its own axis. In this way you can easily determine the correct distance between the main gear and the pinion. There should be no (!) gear backlash. At the same time, the motor should not (!) exert any pressure onto the running surface of the main gear. After you have determined the correct distance, tighten the second M4x14 screw.

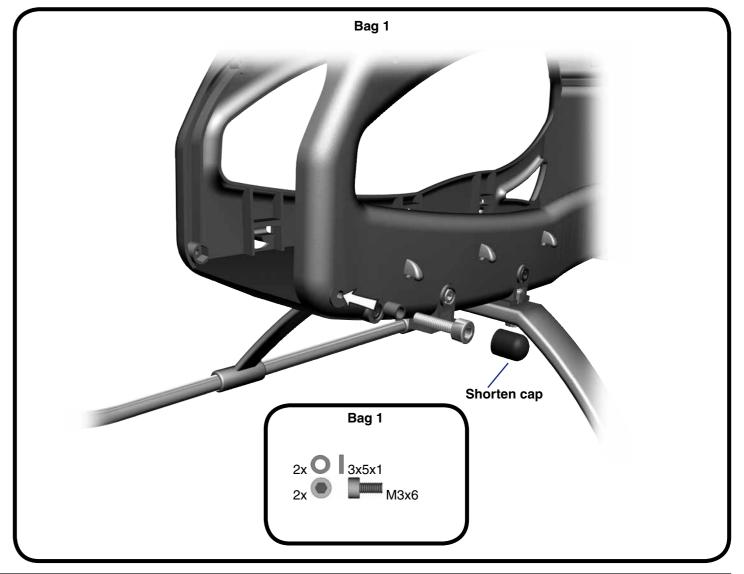
### For very hard 3d flying a counterbearing should be installed.

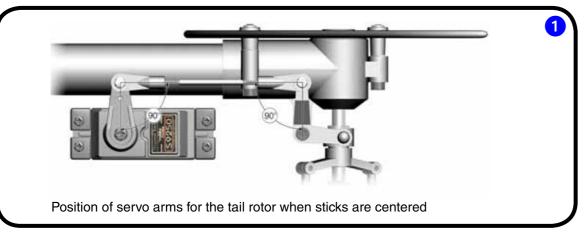
#4134 (25 mm, 5 mm shaft) #4148 (25 mm, 6 mm shaft)







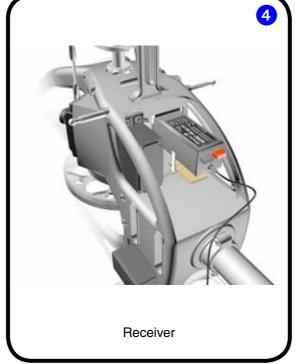


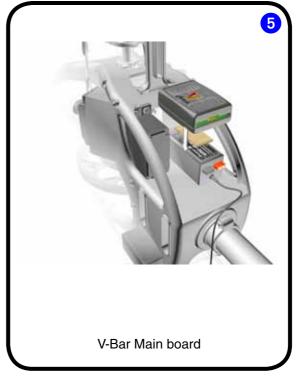


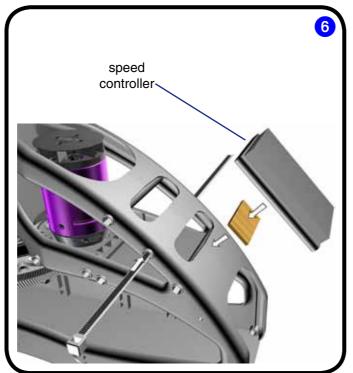


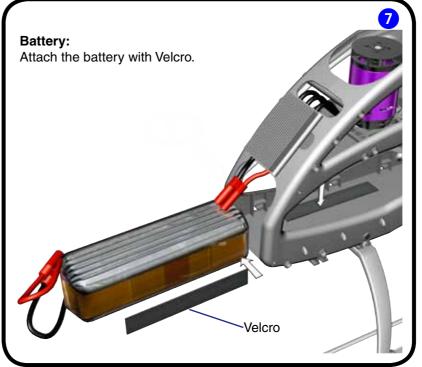




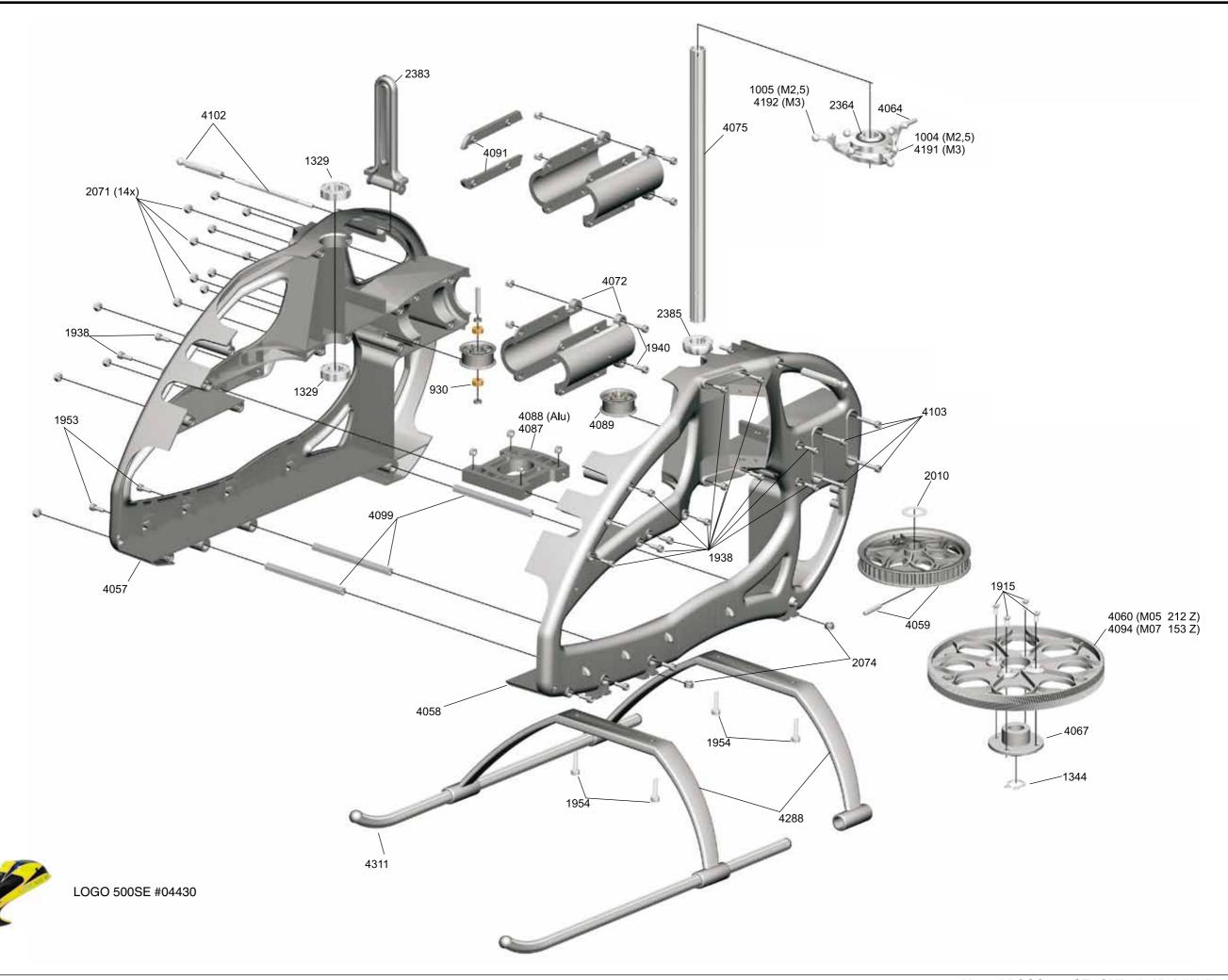




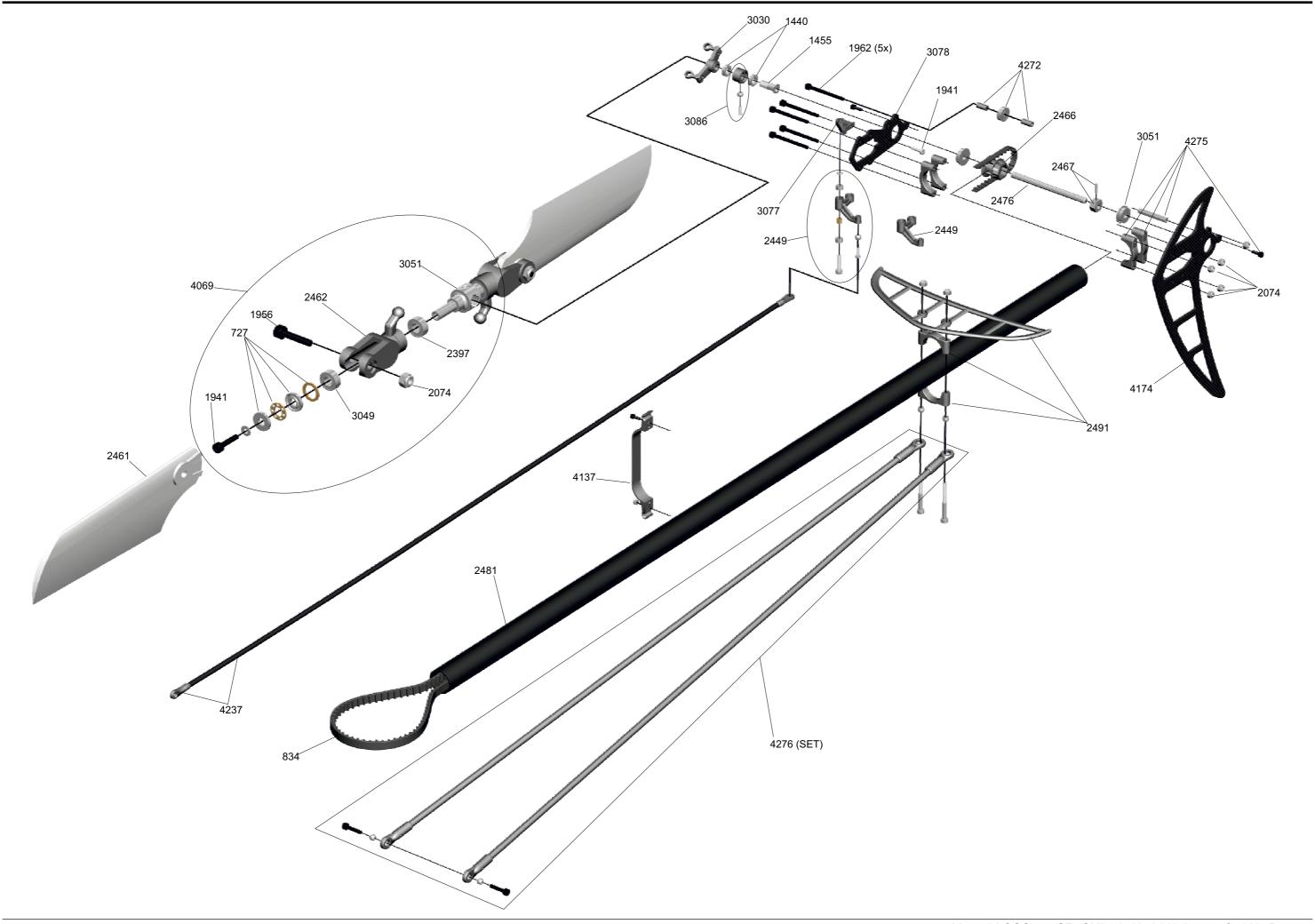


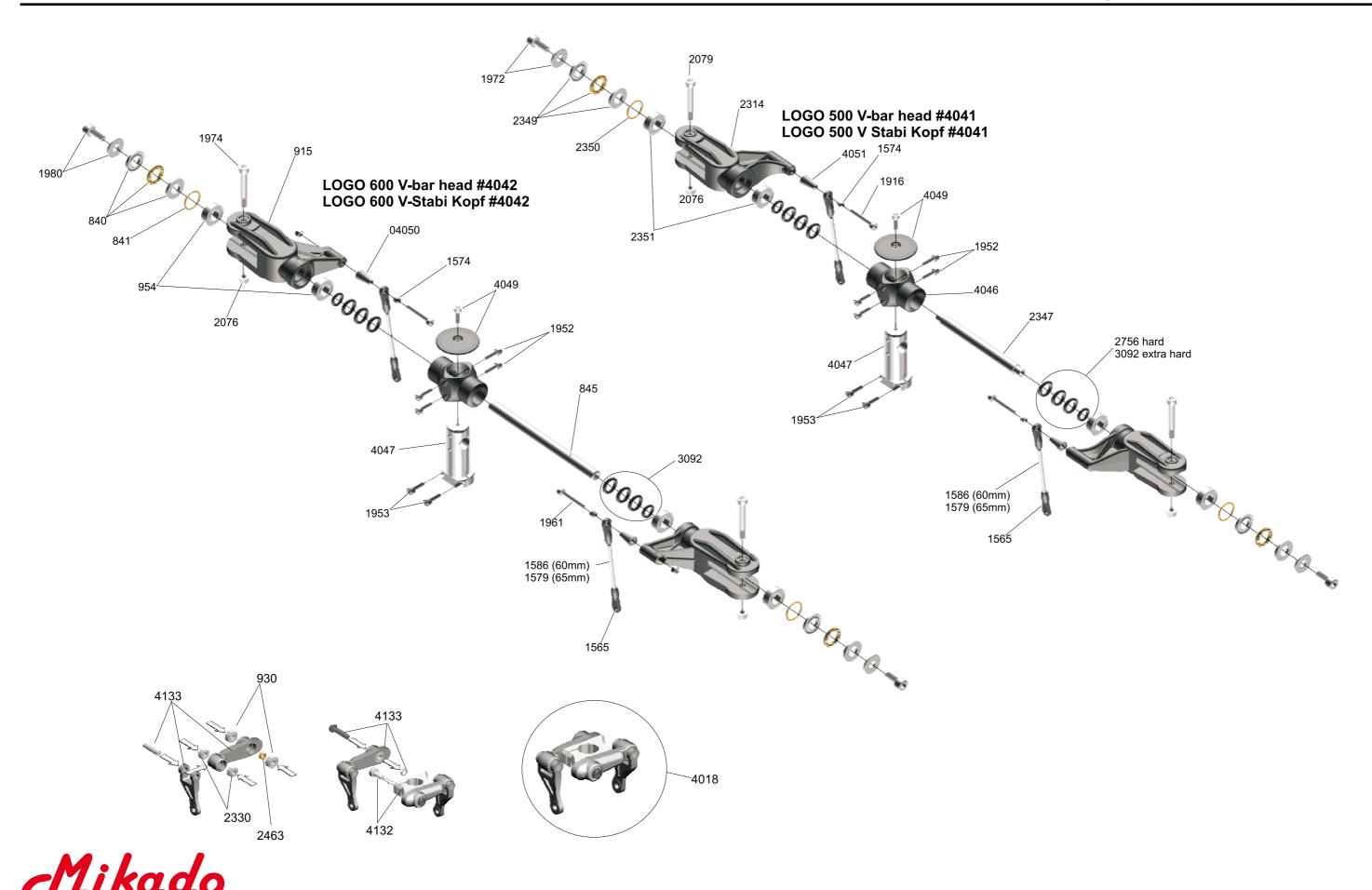


# 9 Overview Chassis



# 10 Overview Tail Rotor





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