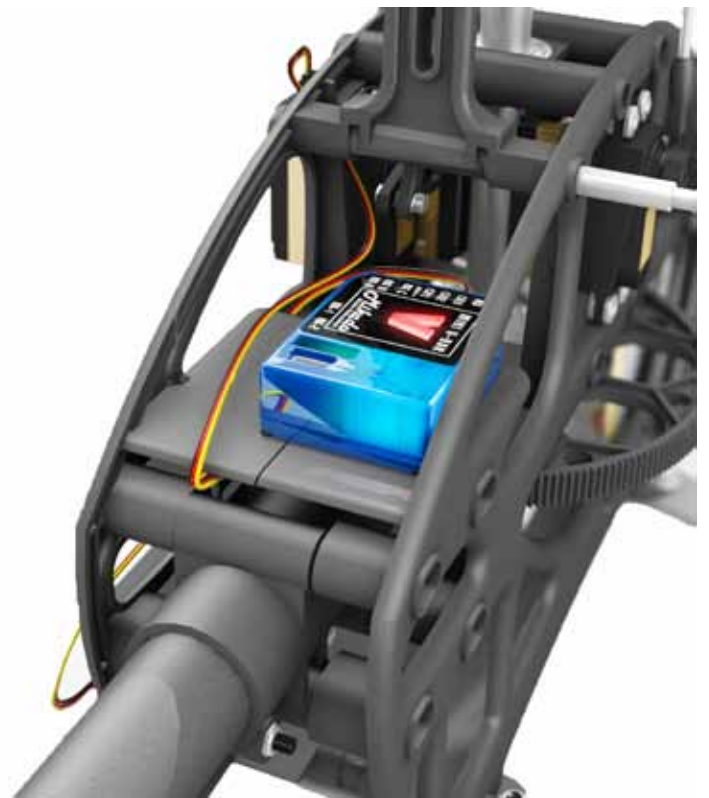


Manual

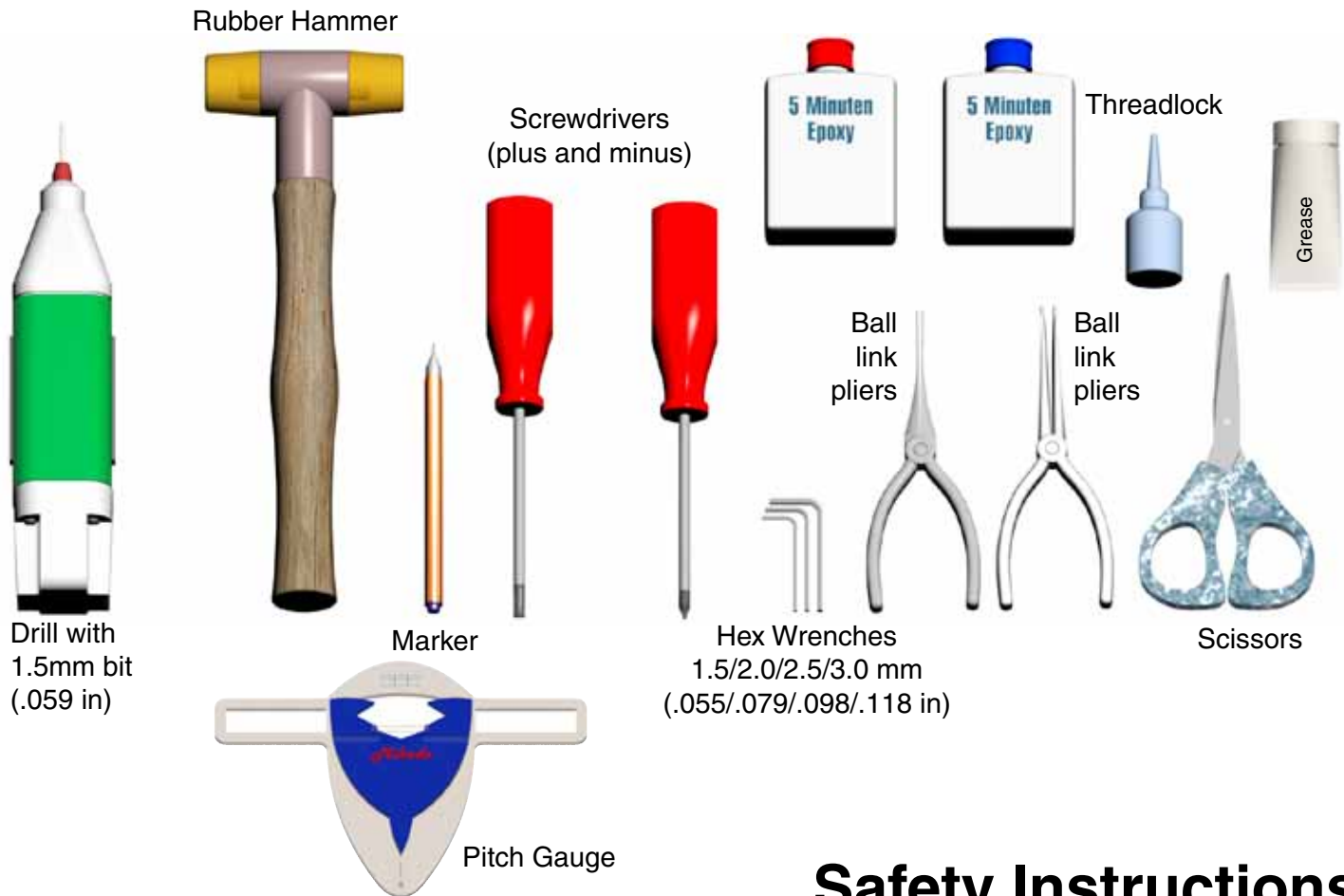
Mikado
Model Helicopters
www.mikado-heli.de

LOGO 400 SE





Tools for Assembly & R/C Equipment



Safety Instructions

OPERATING YOUR MODEL SAFELY

Operate the helicopter in spacious areas with no people nearby. !Warning: Do NOT operate the helicopter in the following places and situations (or else you risk severe accidents):

- in places where children gather or people pass through
- in residential areas and parks indoors and in limited space
- in windy weather or when there is any rain, snow, fog or other precipitation

If you do not observe these instructions you may be held liable for personal injury or property damage!

Always check the R/C system prior to operating your helicopter. When the R/C system batteries get weaker, the operational range of the R/C system decreases. Note that you may lose control of your model when operating it under such conditions.

Keep in mind that other people around you might also be operating a R/C model. Never use a frequency which someone else is using at the same time. Radio signals will be mixed and you will lose control of your model.

If the model shows irregular behavior, bring the model to a halt immediately. Turn off all power switches and disconnect the batteries. Investigate the reason and fix the problem. Do not operate the model again as long as the problem is not solved, as this may lead to further trouble and unforeseen accidents.

! Warning: In order to prevent accidents and personal injury, be sure to observe the following:

Before flying the helicopter, ensure that all screws are tightened. A single loose screw may cause a major accident. Replace all broken or defective parts with new ones, as damaged parts lead to crashes. Never approach a spinning rotor. Keep at least 10 meters/yards away from a spinning rotor blades. Do not

touch the motor immediately after use. It may be hot enough to cause burns. Perform all necessary maintenance.

PRIOR TO ADJUSTING AND OPERATING YOUR MODEL, OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING

! Warning: Operate the helicopter only outdoors and out of people's reach as the main rotor operates at high rpm!

! Warning: While adjusting, stand at least 10 meters/yards away from the helicopter!

Novice R/C helicopter pilots should always seek advice from experienced pilots to obtain hints with assembly and for pre-flight adjustments. Note that a badly assembled or insufficiently adjusted helicopter is a safety hazard! In the beginning, novice R/C helicopter pilots should always be assisted by an experienced pilot and never fly alone! Throttle channel should be in motor OFF position while powering up. When switching the R/C system ON or OFF, always proceed in the following order:

When switching ON:

Position the throttle control stick (on transmitter) to a position where the LOGO 10 motor does not operate.

- Turn on the transmitter.
- Turn on the receiver.
- Connect the motor battery.
- Operate your model.

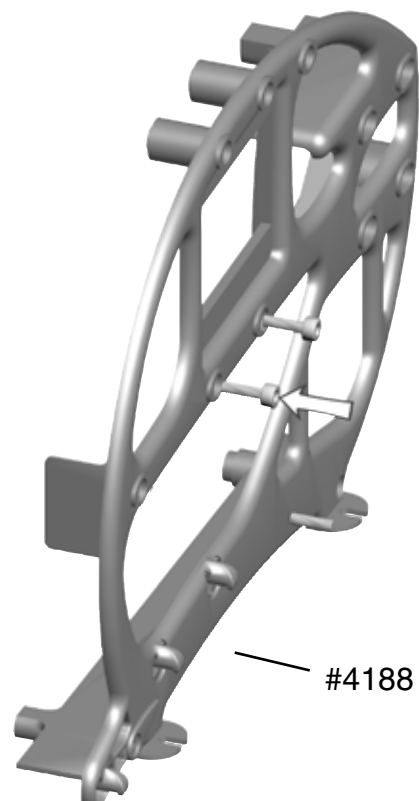
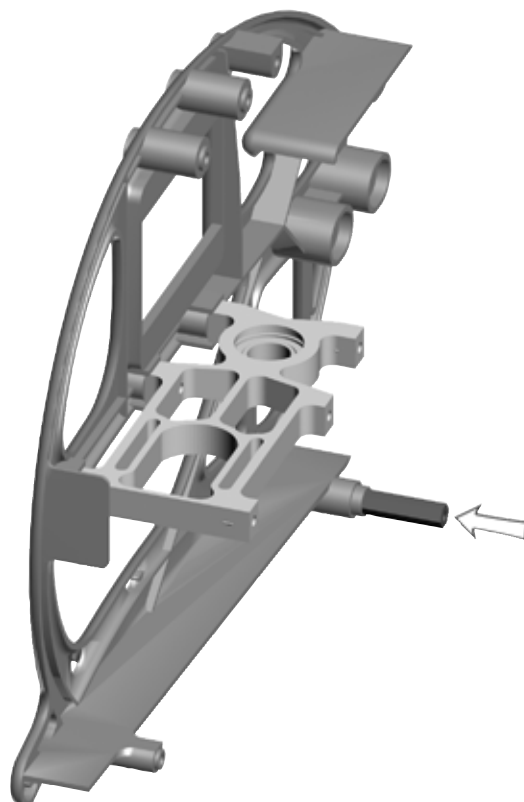
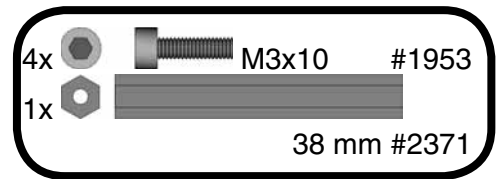
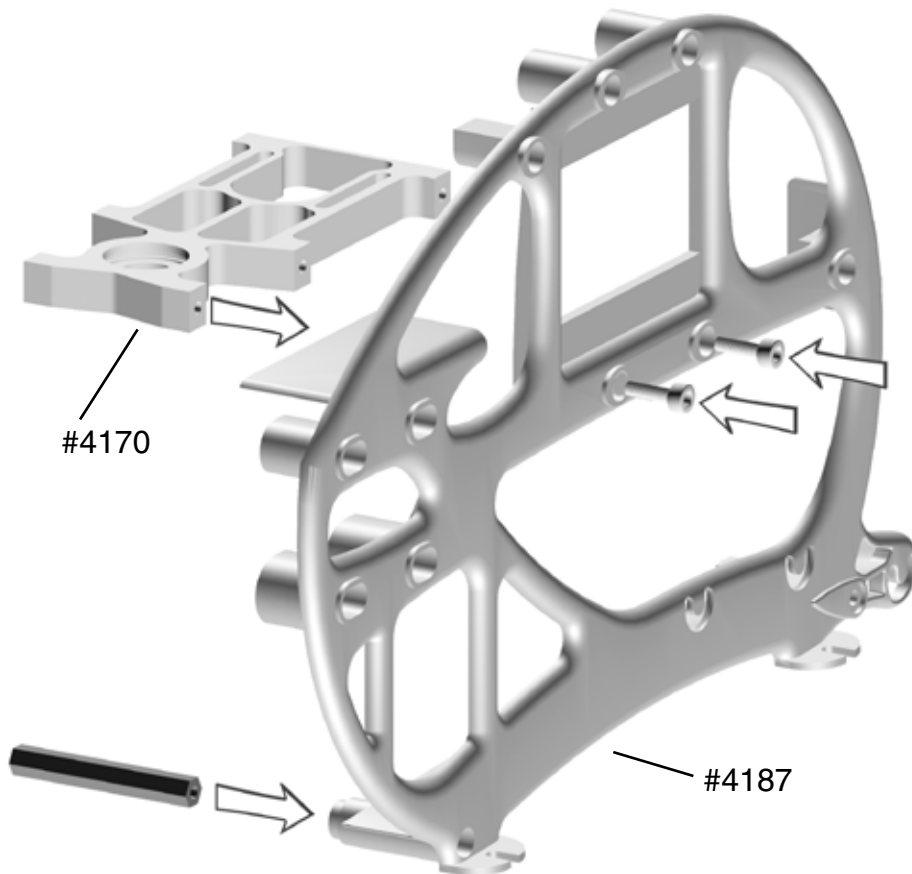
When switching OFF:

- Turn off the motor (move throttle control to a position where motor does not operate).
- Wait until the rotor head has stopped spinning.
- Disconnect the motor battery.
- Turn off receiver.
- Turn off transmitter.

1 Main Frame

1.1 Main Frame

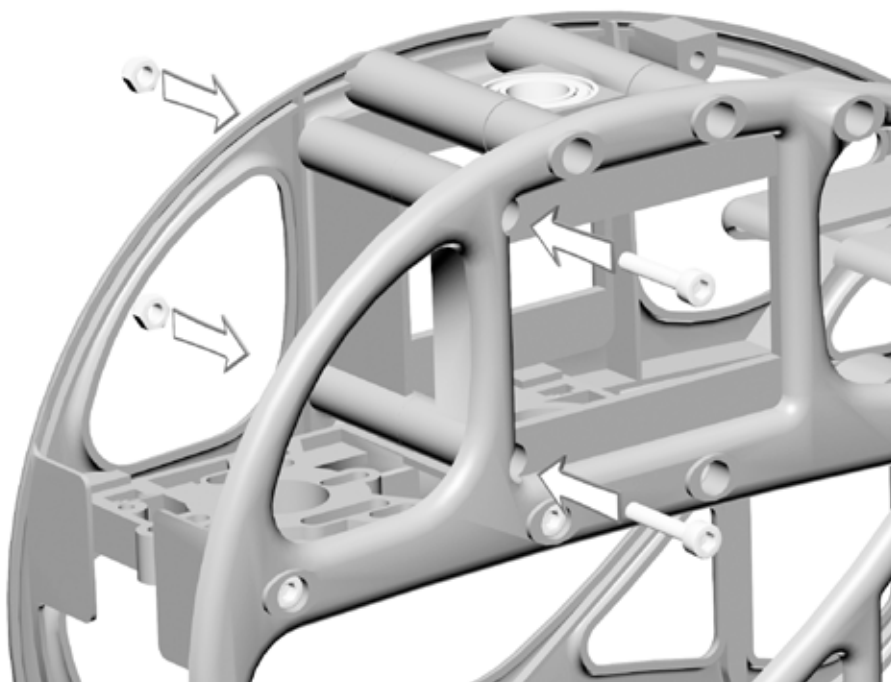
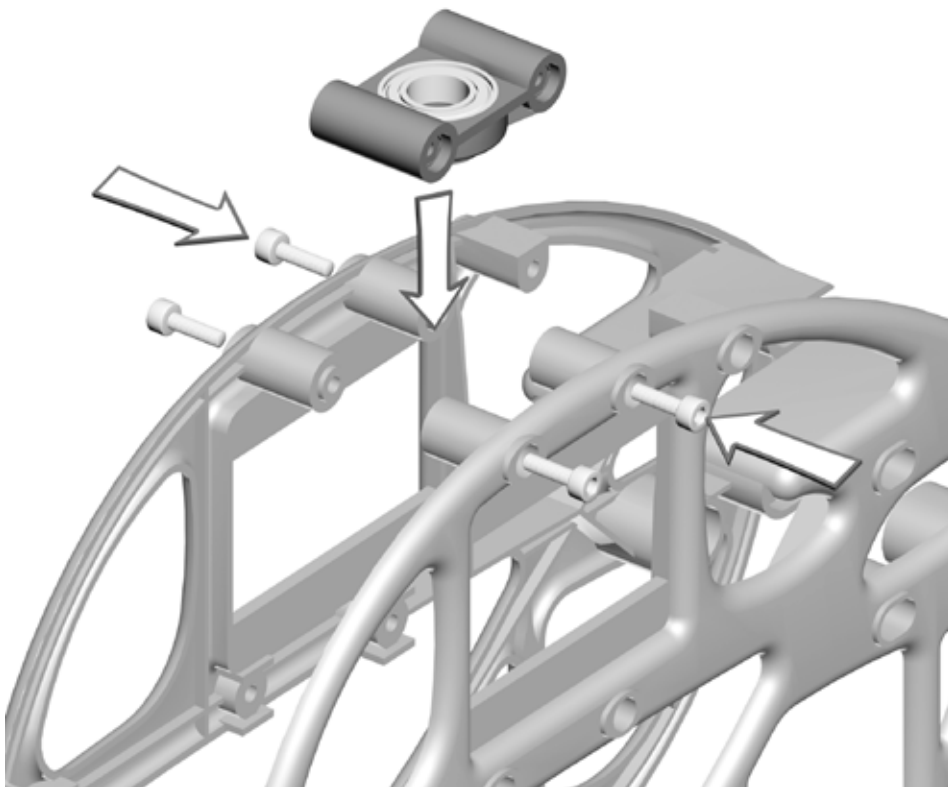
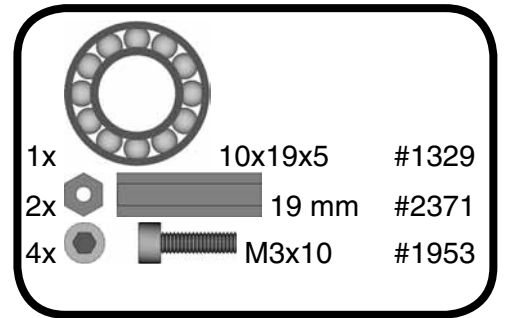
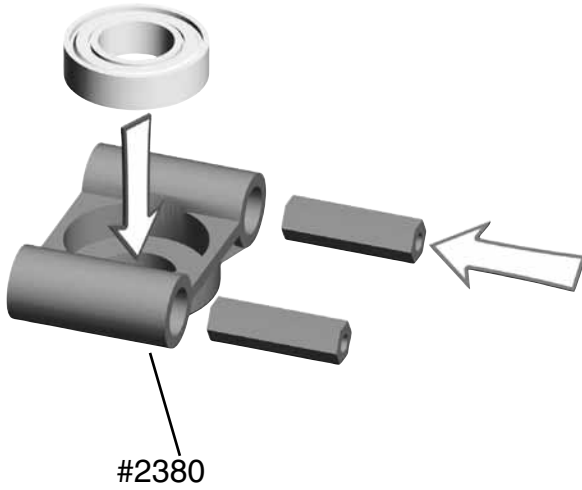
Bag 1 • Bag 12



1 Main Frame

1.2 Bearing Case

Bag 1 • Bag 10 • Bag 12



2 Landing Gear



Bag 8 • Bag 12



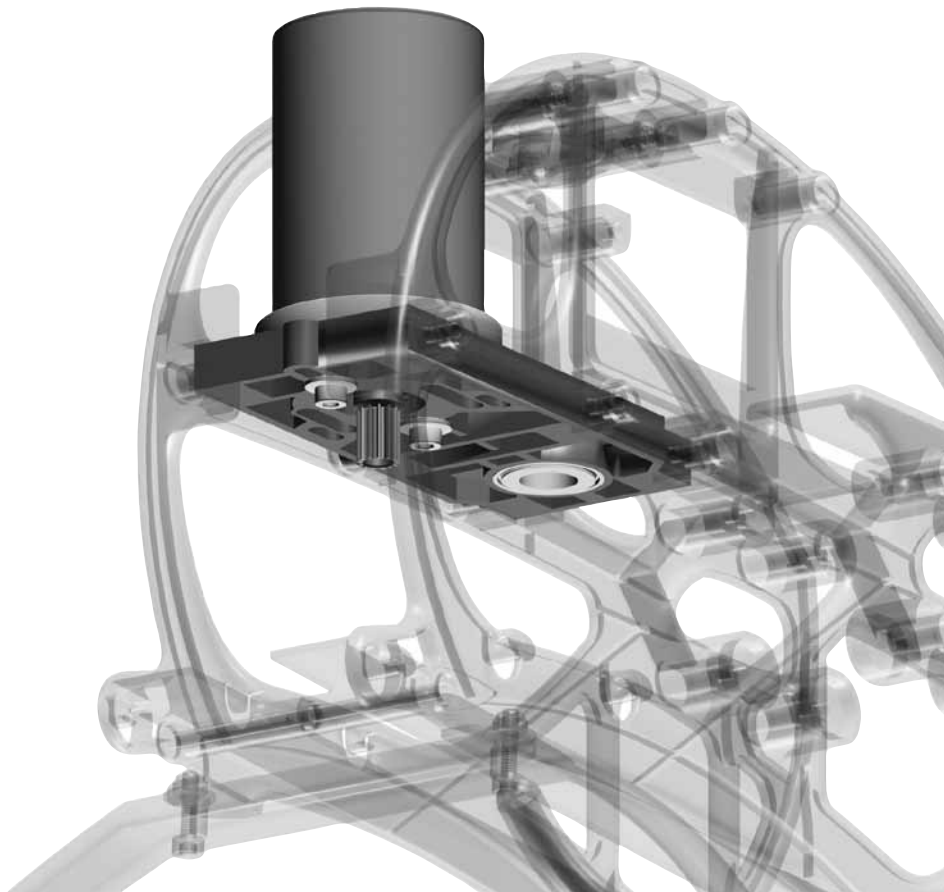
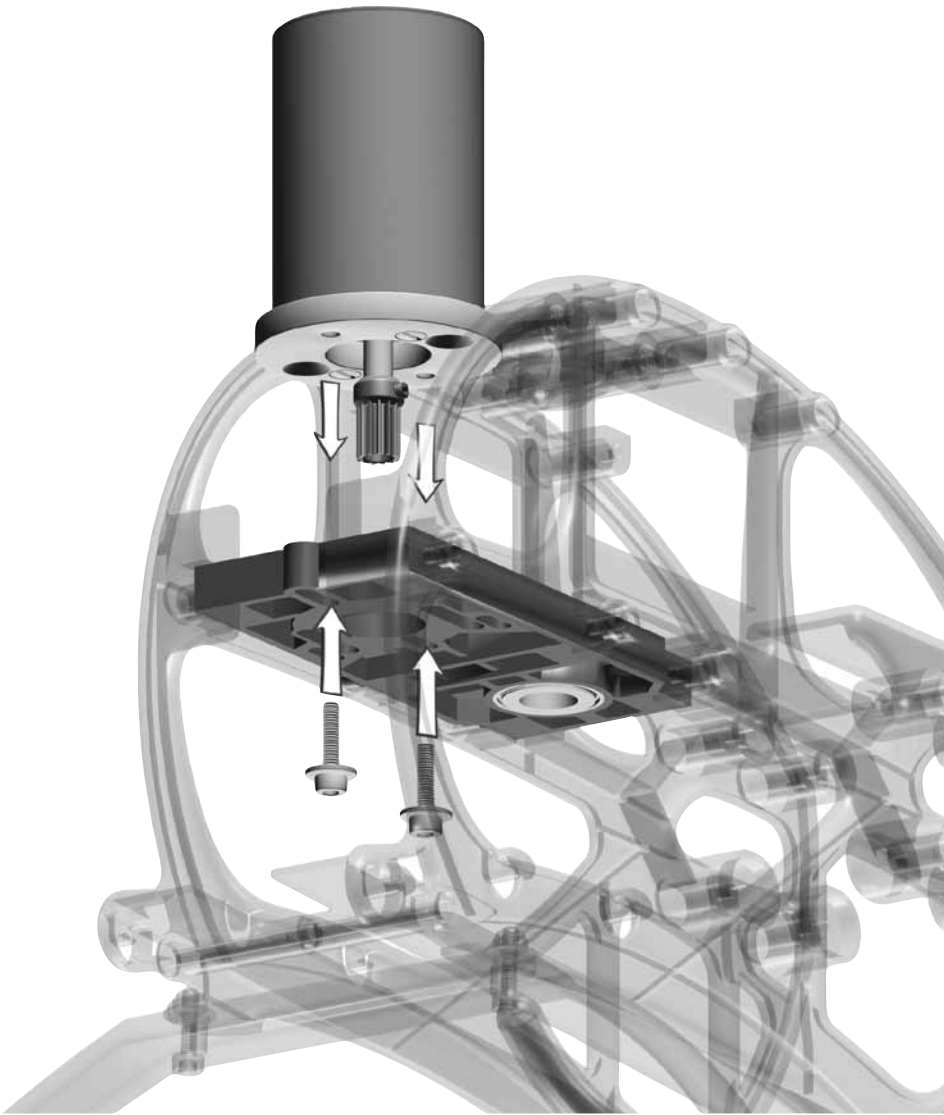
3 Motor Installation

3.1 Motor Attachment

Bag 1 • Bag 12

2x			M3x12	#1954
2x			3x9x1	#2011

When installing the motor, tighten the socket head cap screws only slightly, making sure that the motor can still be moved on the motor plate.

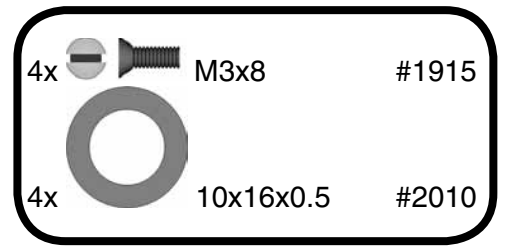
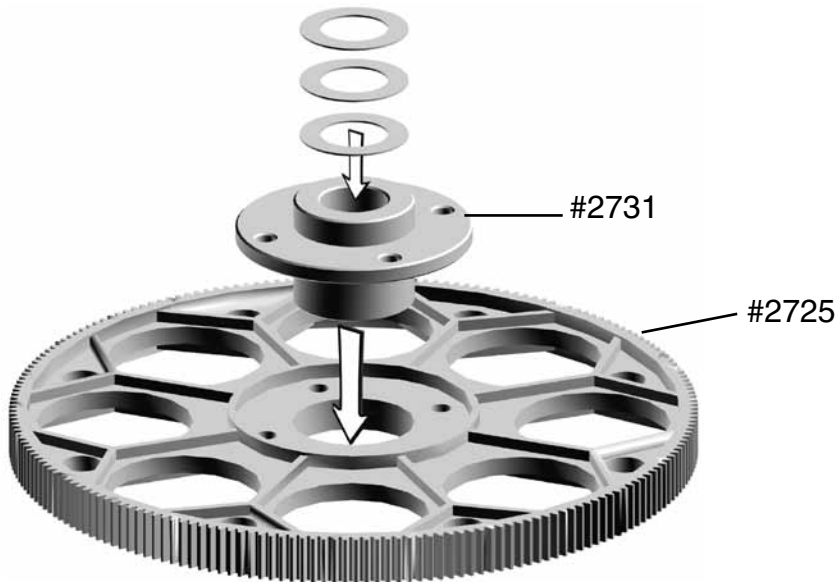


Do not tighten the set screw fully until the final position of the pinion on the motor shaft is determined. This is done after installing the main gear. There are two options for attaching the pinion:

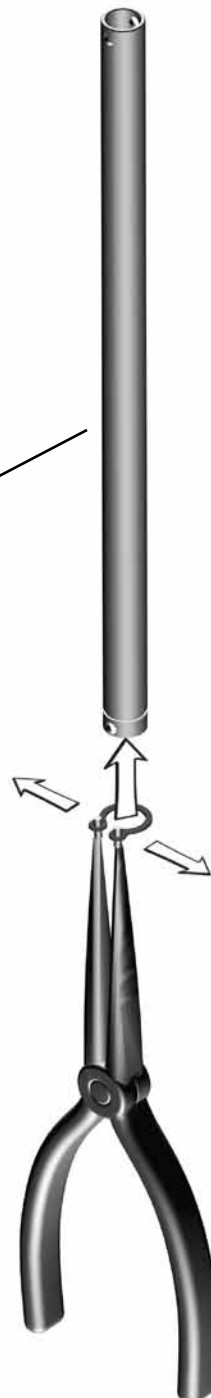
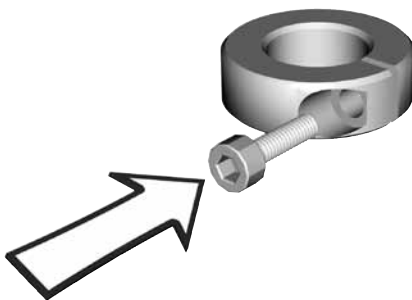
1. For securing the pinion, you may flatten the motor shaft where the set screw meets the motor shaft - without making a flat surface on the motor shaft.
2. Alternatively, you may screw the set screw directly onto the motor shaft. For this it is required that the set screw has an appropriate rim for engaging the motorshaft (all Mikado pinions have this rim). Note, however, that after attaching the set screw once, the rim becomes blunt and may not be used again.

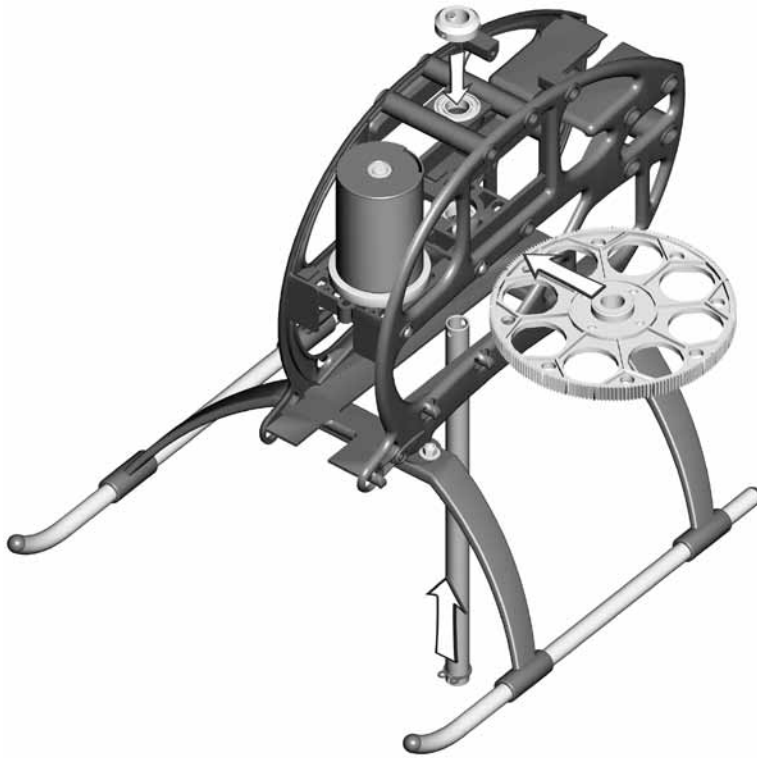
4 Main Gear

4.1 Hub Bag 2



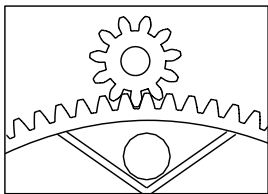
#04177



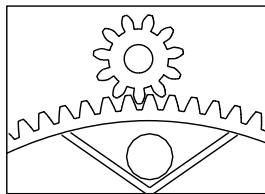


After having attached the freeway hub of the main gear to the rotor shaft, pull the rotor shaft slightly upward and simultaneously push the main shaft collar down onto ball bearing. Next tighten the set screws. The rotor shaft should turn easily and it should not have any axial play.

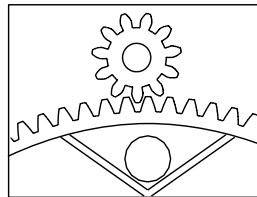
4.2 Adjusting Gear Backlash



too much backlash

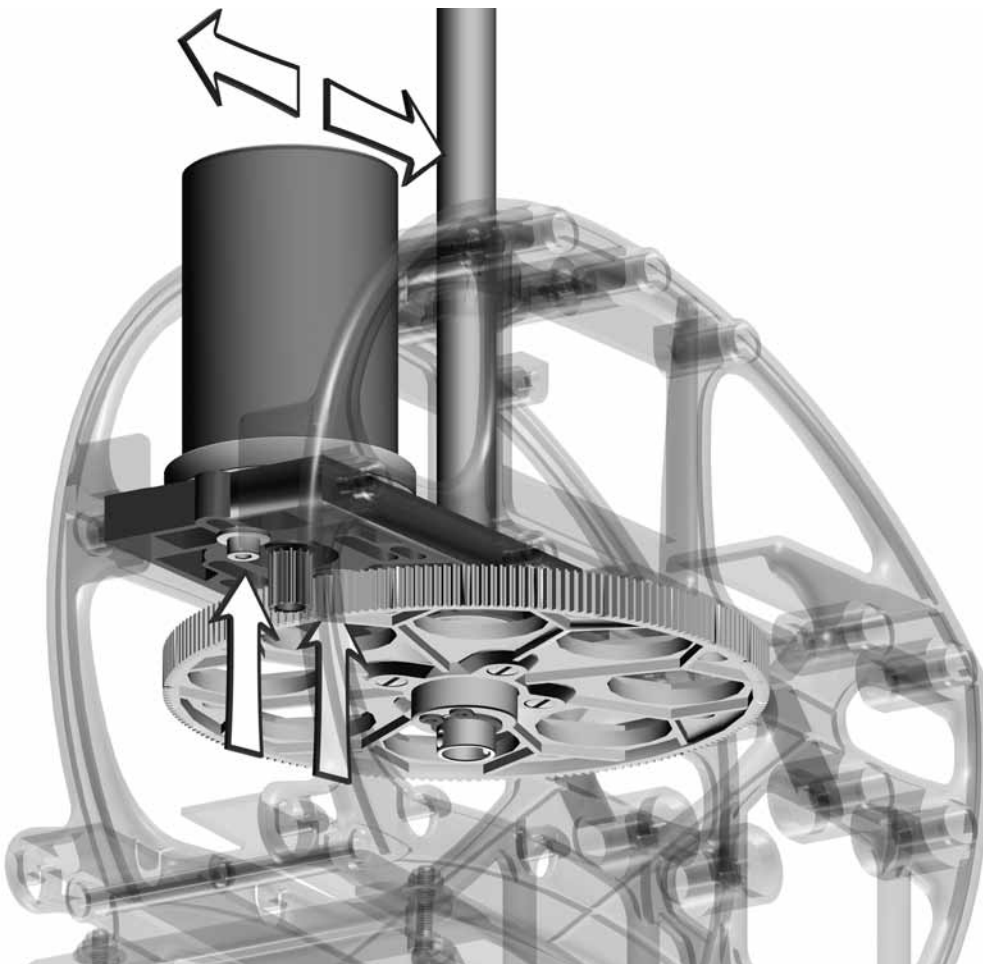


correct backlash



too little backlash

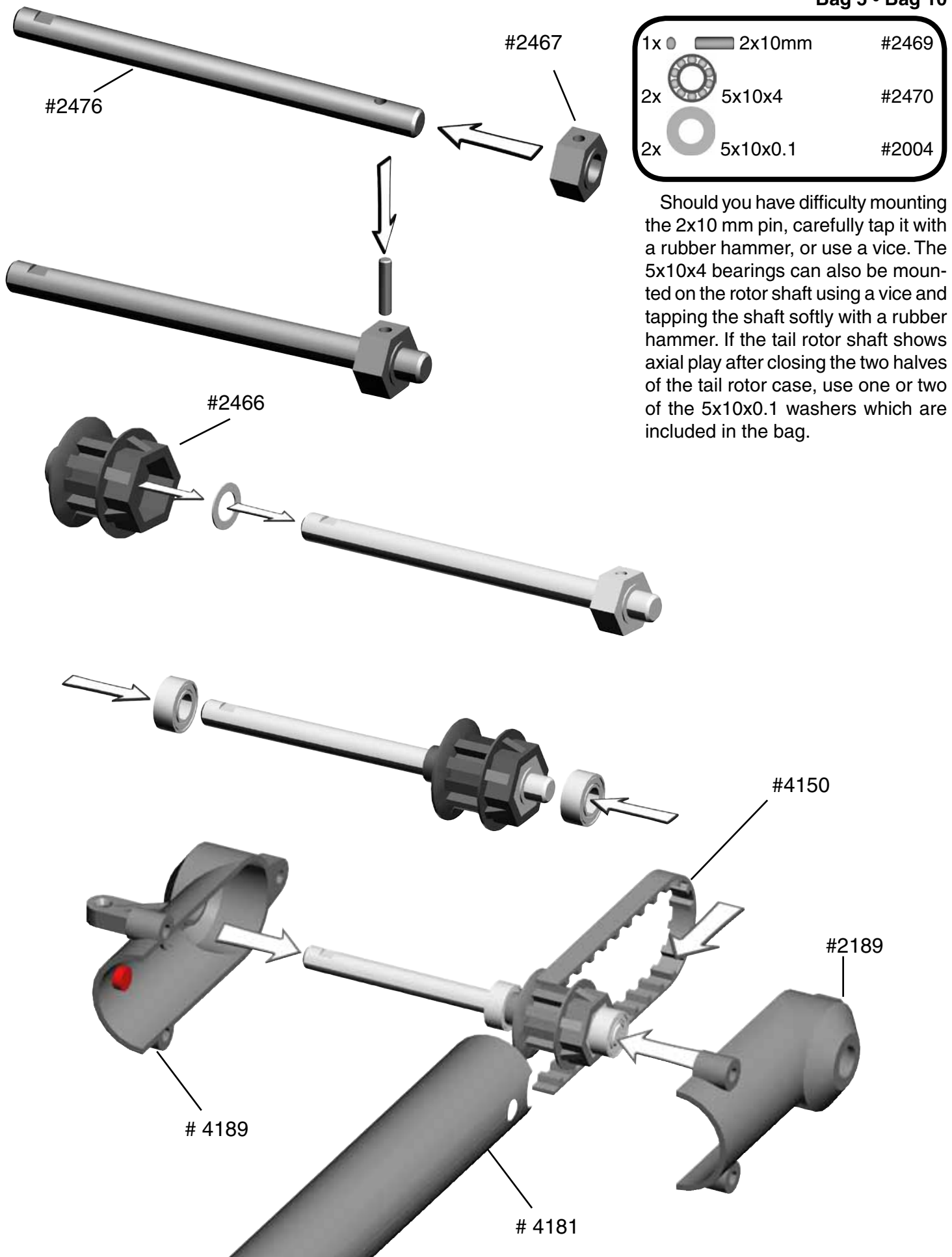
The gear backlash must be adjusted (see drawings). Excess backlash can cause premature wear of the main gear and will lead to shorter flight times.



5 Tail Rotor

5.1 Tail Rotor Shaft

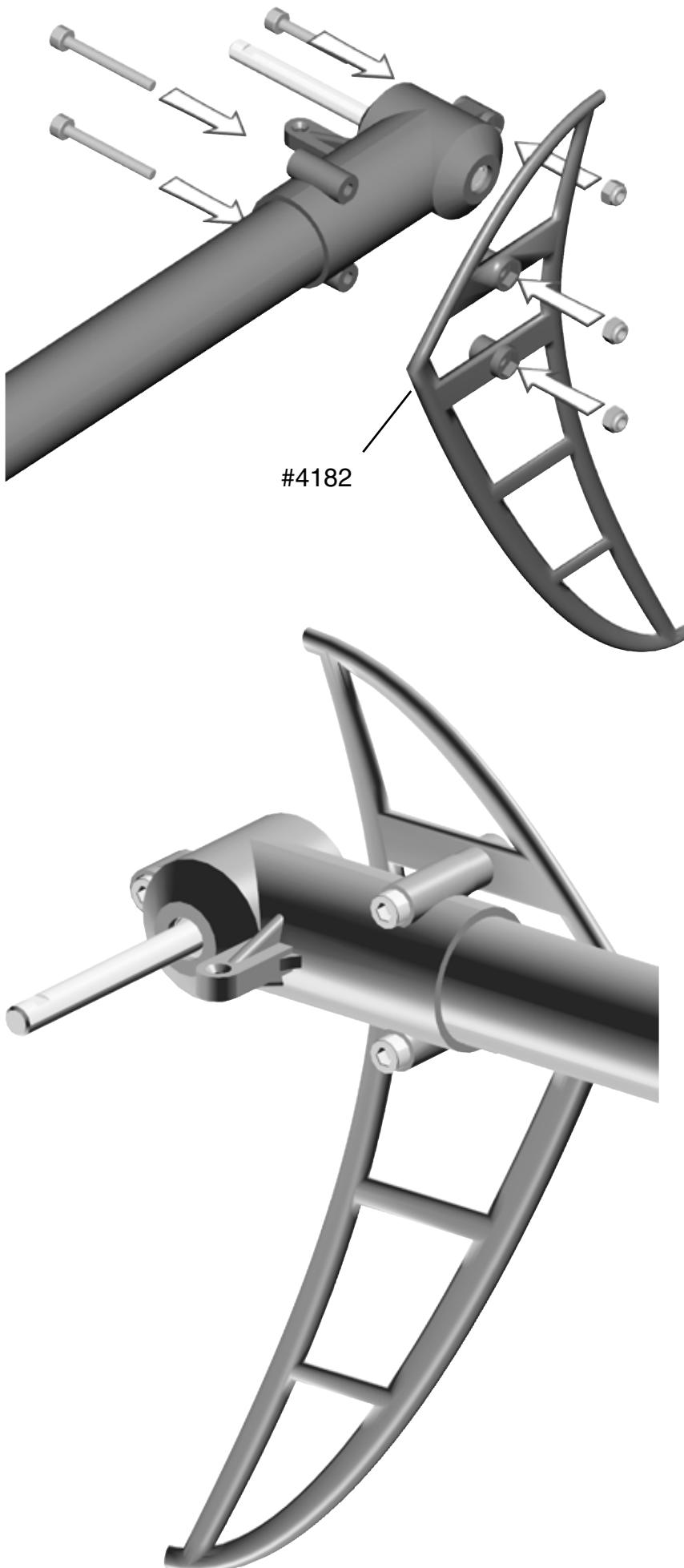
Bag 5 • Bag 10









5 Tail Rotor

5.2 Vertical Fin

Bag 5 • Bag 12

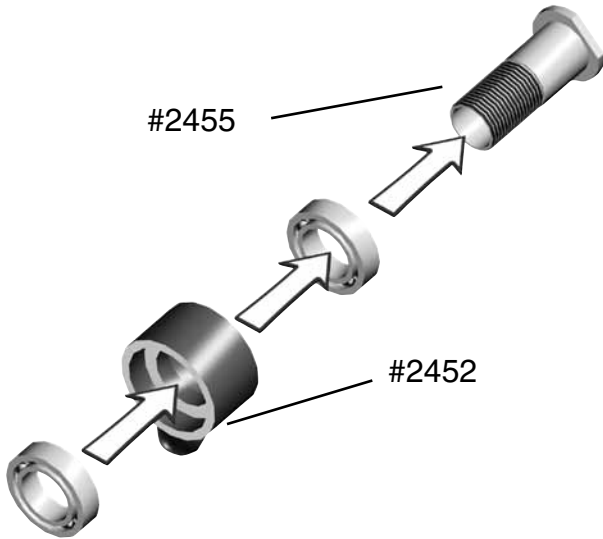


2x			M3x25 #1958
1x			M3x10 #1953
3x			M3 #2074

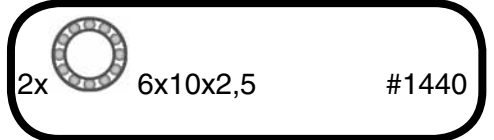
5.3 Pitch Slider

Bag 5 • Bag 10

#2455



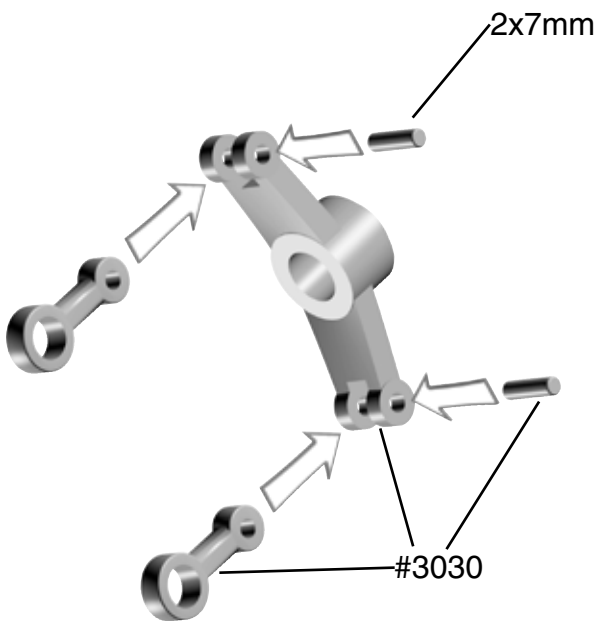
#2452



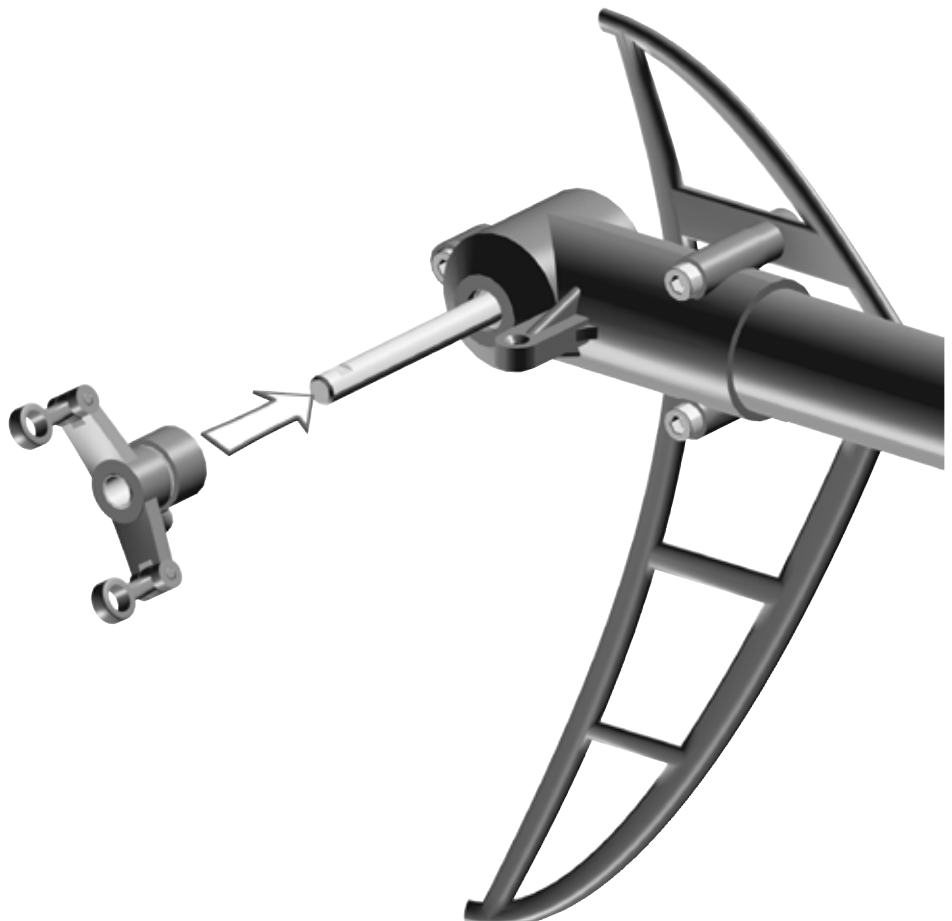
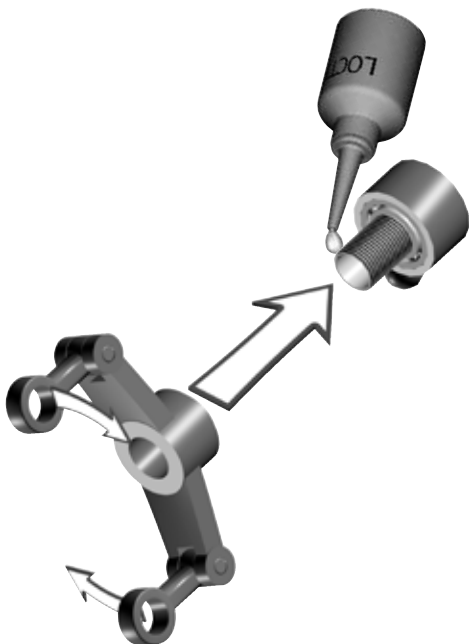
It is important that the tail pitch plate #3030 is aligned properly on the control sleeve #2455. In the case of misalignment, the control sleeve may become deformed.

The mounted tail pitch plate should be able to move on the tail rotor shaft with little resistance.

2x7mm









#3030



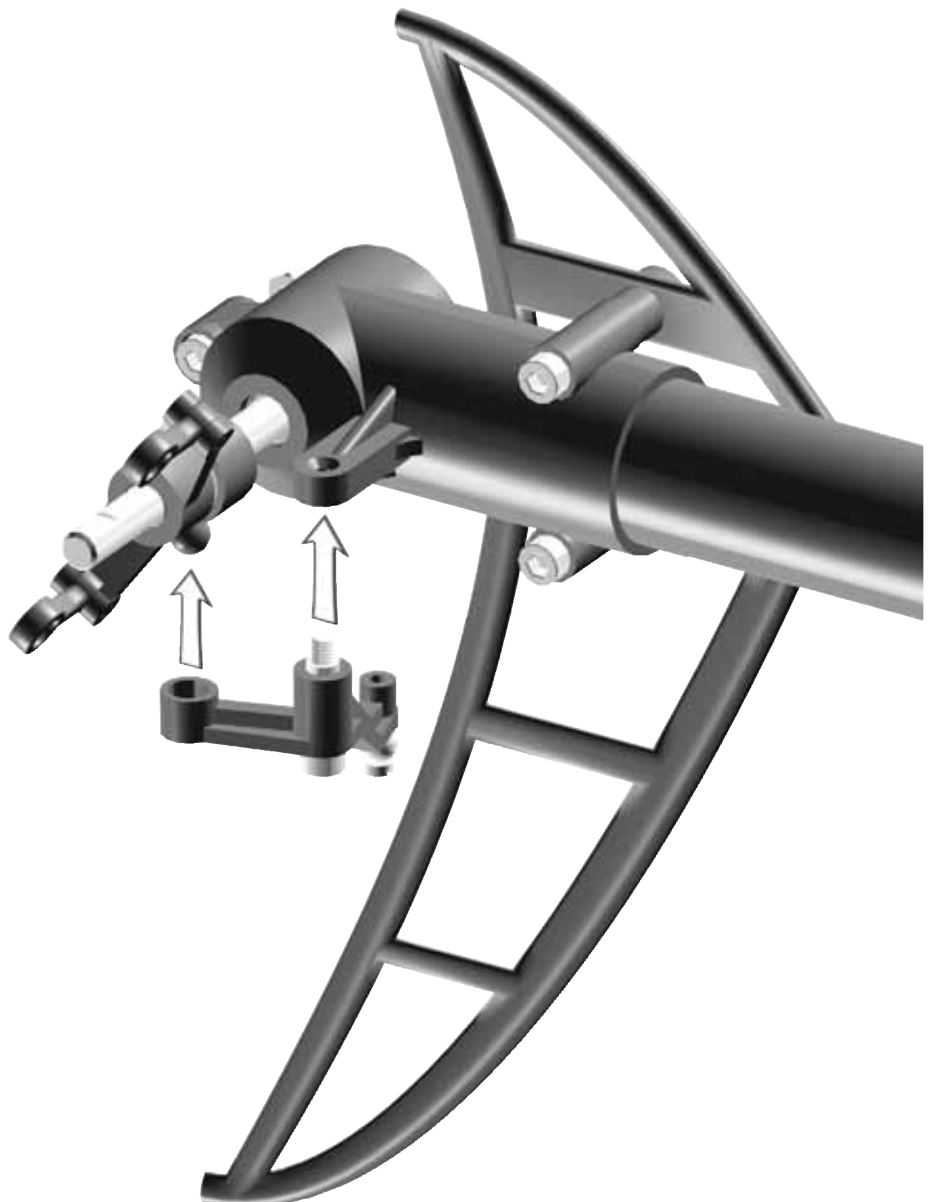
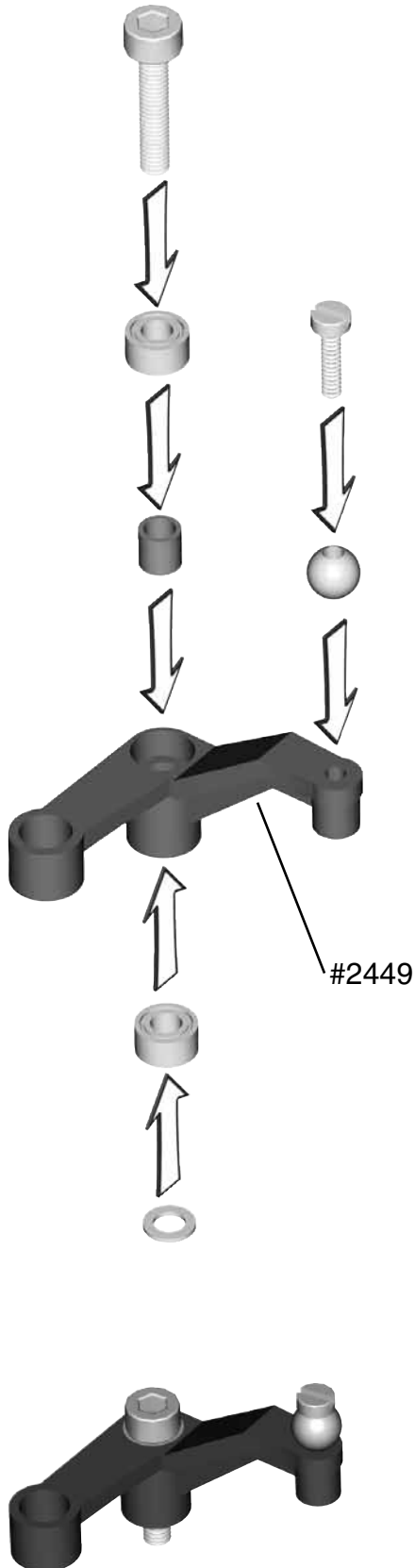
5 Tail Rotor

5.4 Tail Rotor Lever

Bag 5 • Bag 12

2x		3x6x2,5	#2330
1x		M3x14	#1955
1x		M2x8	#1902
1x			#1570
1x		3x5x5	#2448
1x		3x5x0,5	#2002

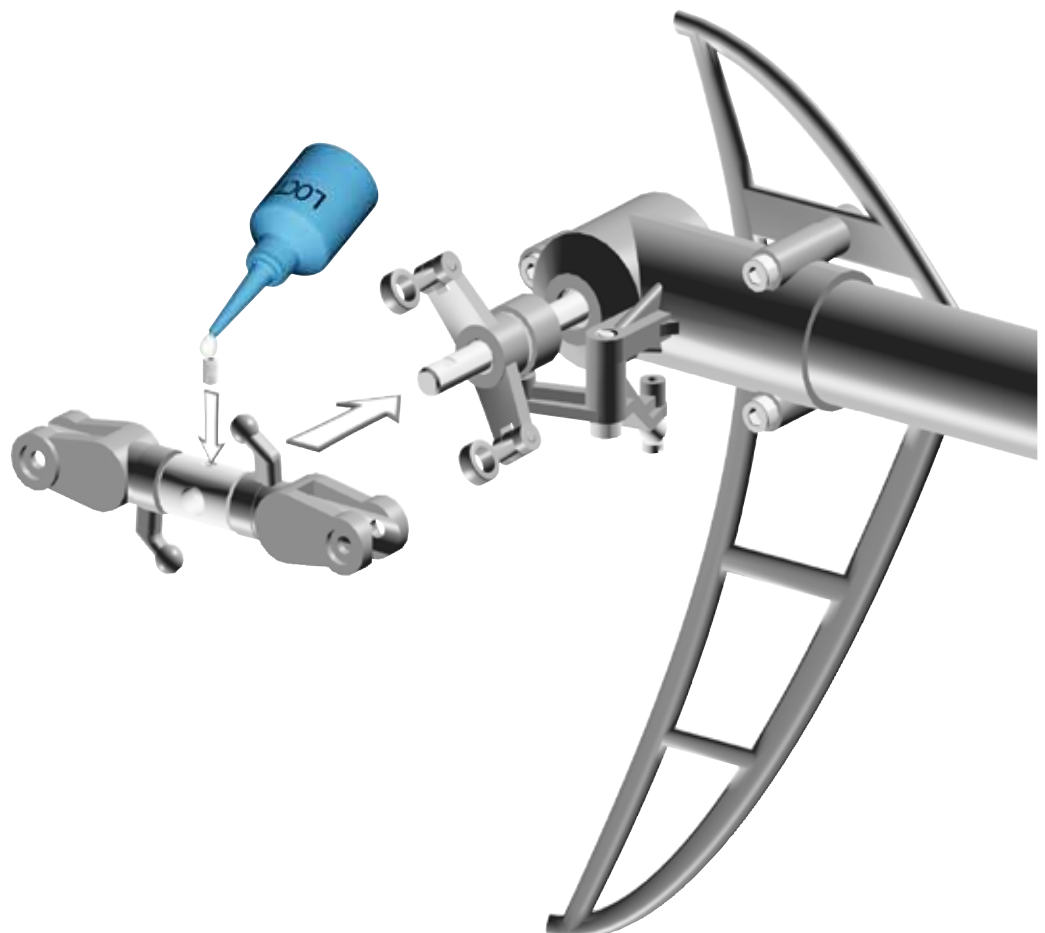
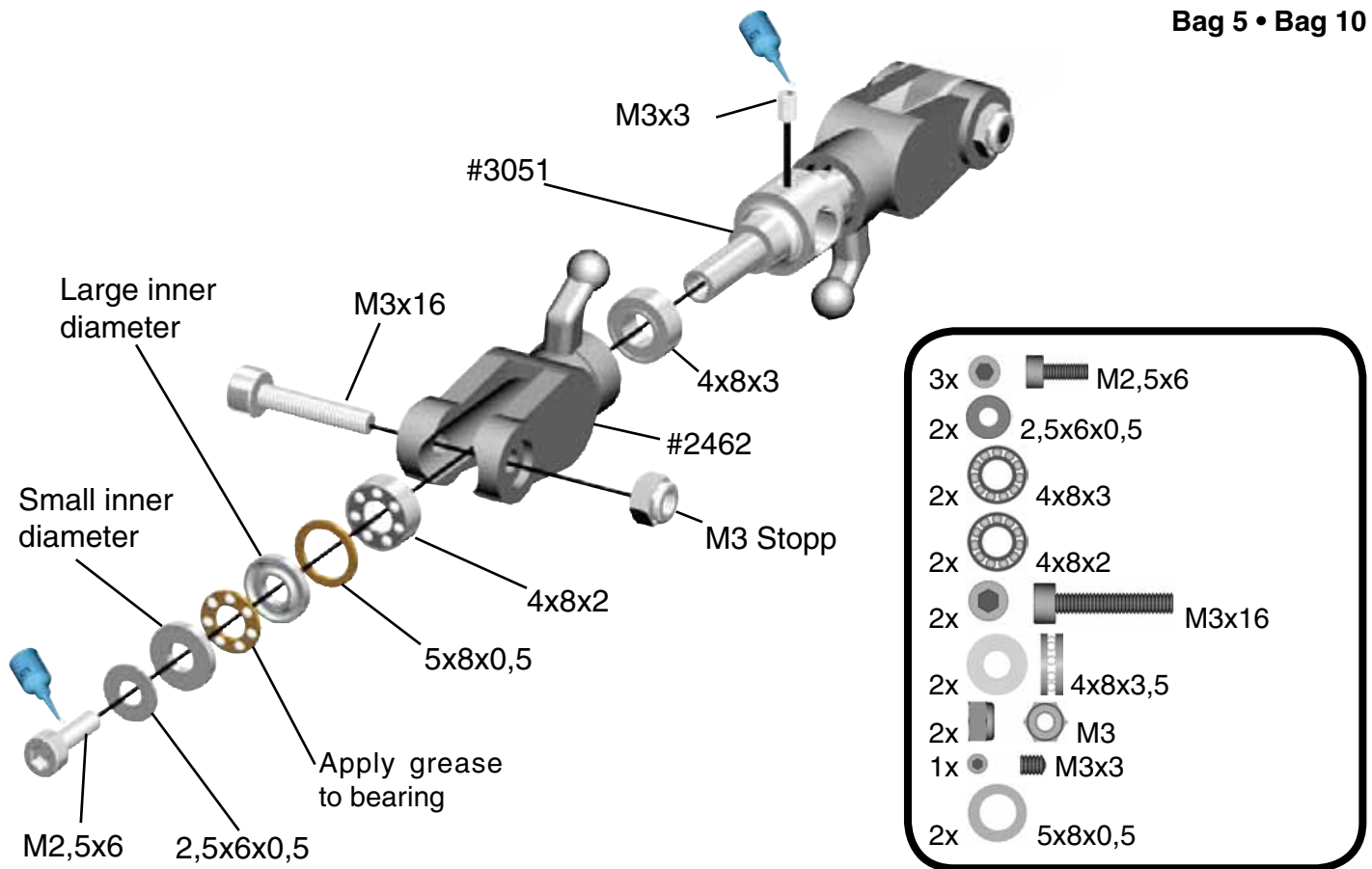
The mounted tail rotor lever should be able to move with little resistance.



5 Tail Rotor

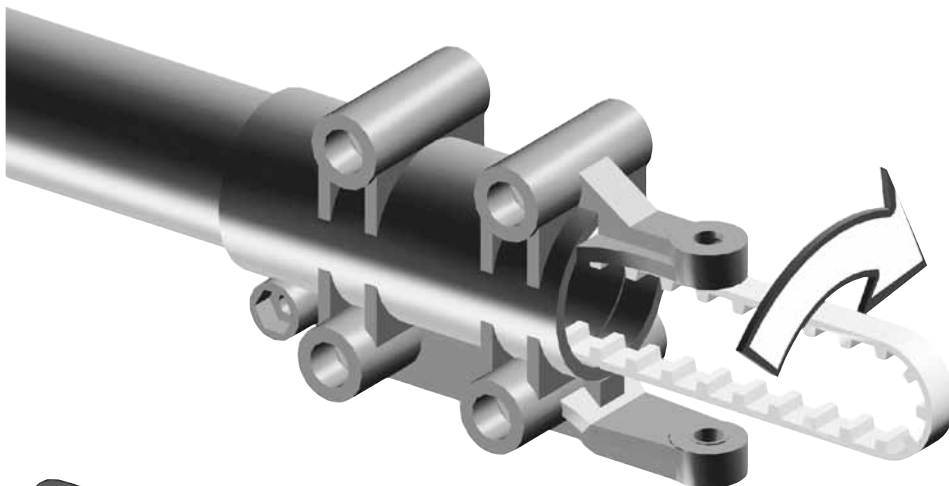
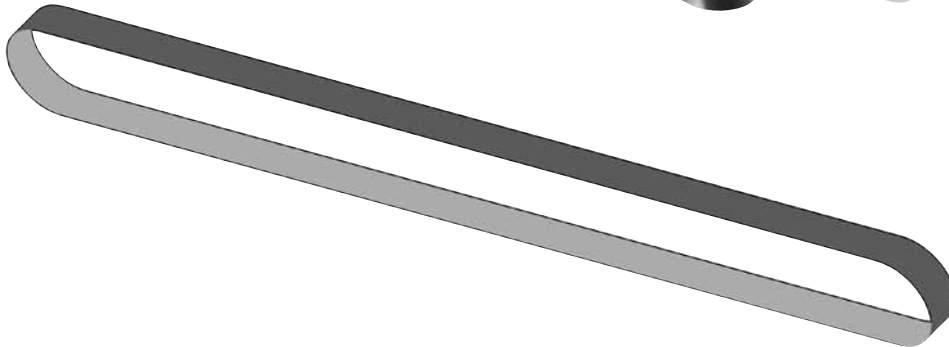
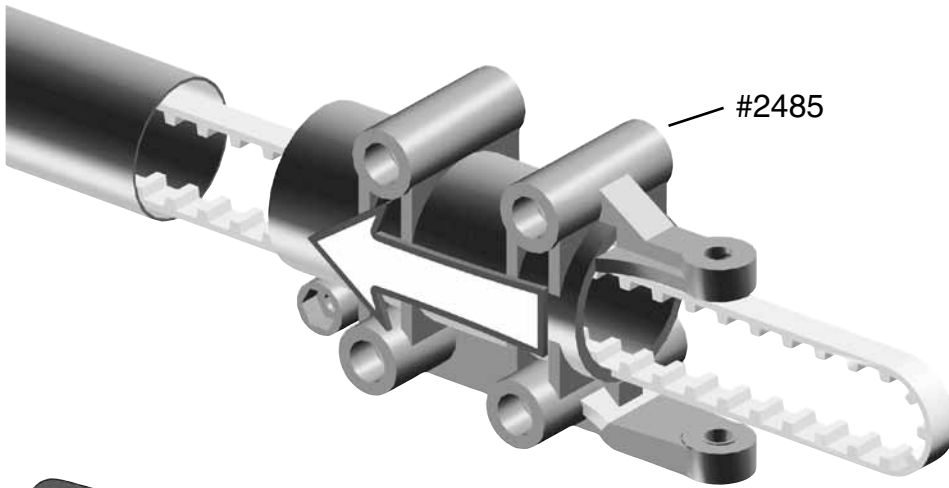
5.5 Tail Rotor Hub

Bag 5 • Bag 10

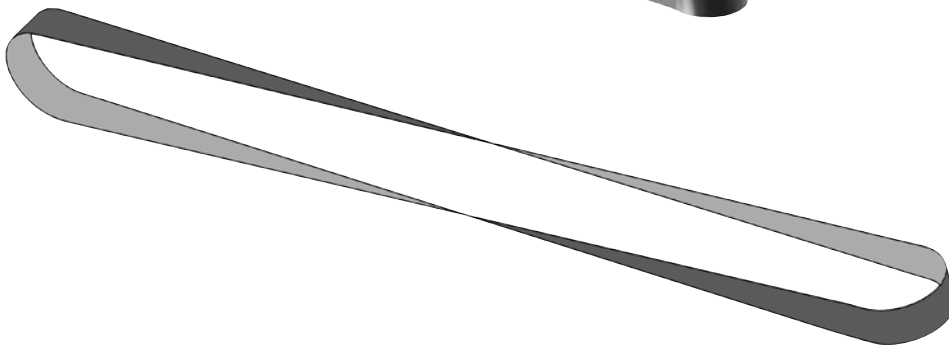


6 Tail Boom

6.1 Tail Boom Holder Bag 6



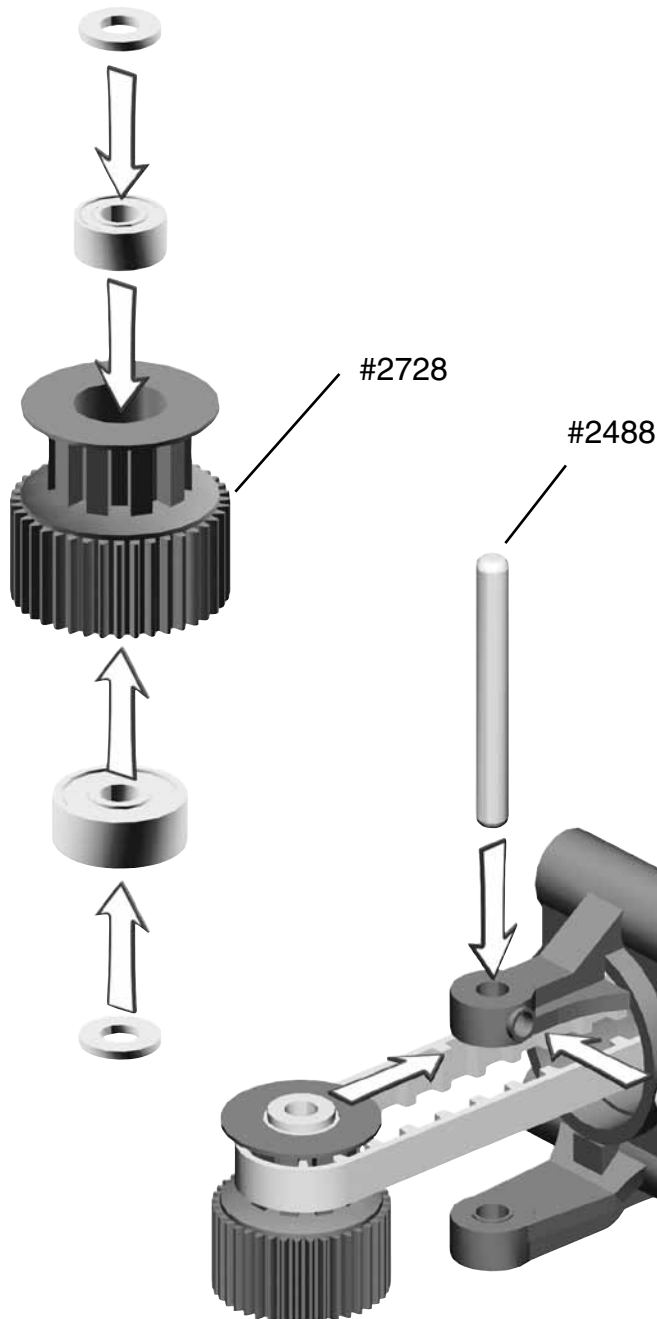
Turn the tail drive belt 90° degrees (clockwise).



6 Tail Boom

6.2 Tail Drive Pulley

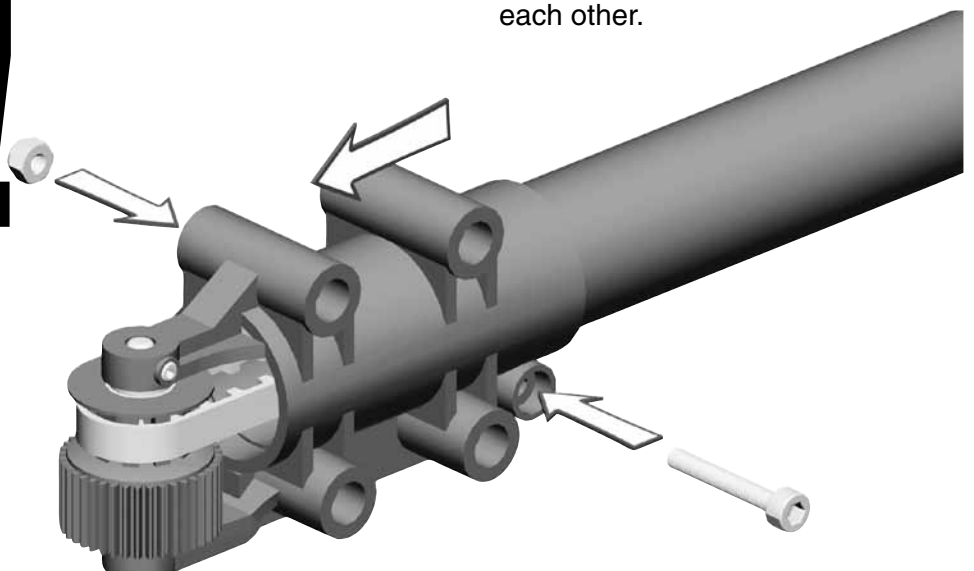
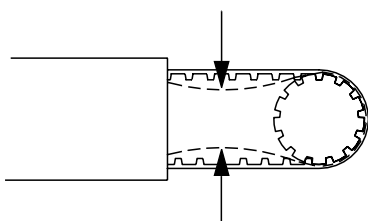
Bag 6 • Bag 10 • Bag 12

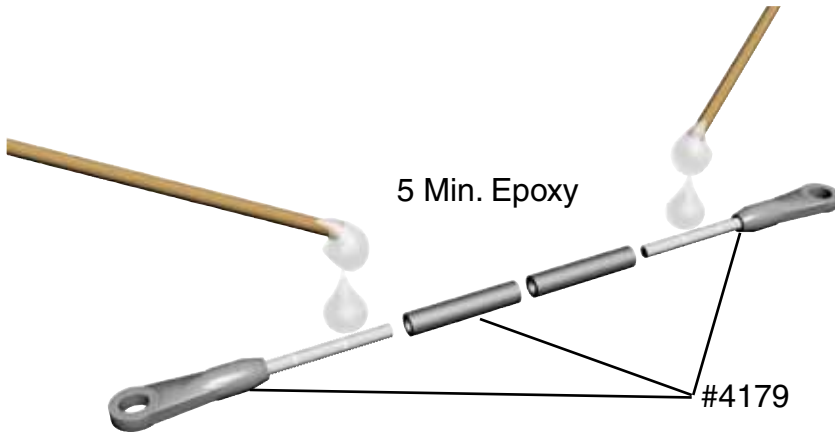


1x		4x13x5	#937
1x		4x9x4	#2489
2x		4x8x1	#2013
1x		3x5	#1921
1x		M3x18	#1965
1x		M3	#2074

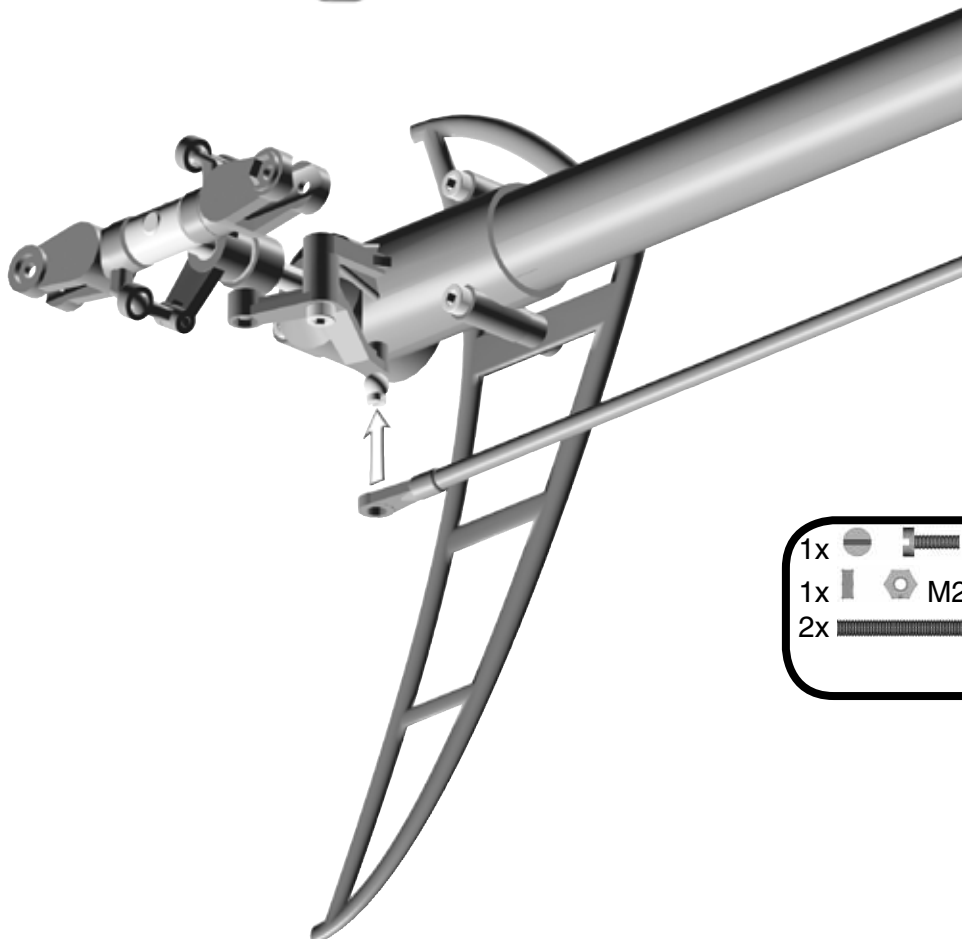
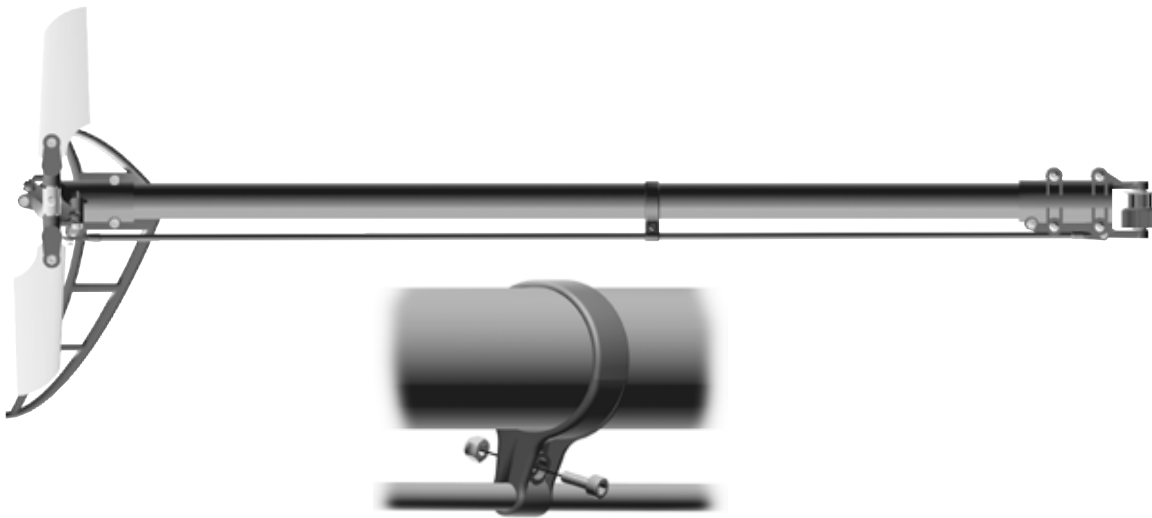
For tightening the belt pull the tail boom holder toward the front. Belt tension is fixed with the M3x18 socket head cap screw for tightening the tail boom holder to the tail boom. The belt should be tight. When pressing with your fingers, both sides of the belt should not come in contact with each other.

Important: Check belt tension prior to every flight. Incorrect belt tension can cause disturbances for your model R/C system. Incorrect belt tension can lead to a situation where you lose control of the tail rotor of your helicopter.





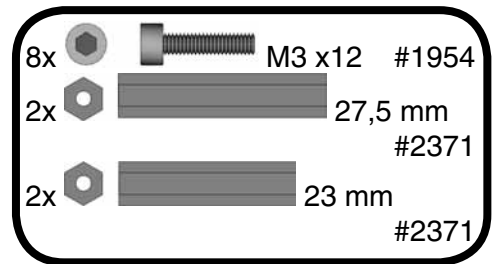
Screw the two 2 mm ball links onto the control rods. Their exact positions are of no importance at this point. The ball ends are attached to the balls more easily when the text on them is pointed away from the helicopter.



1x			M2x6	#1901
1x			M2	#2070
2x			M2,5x30	#2770

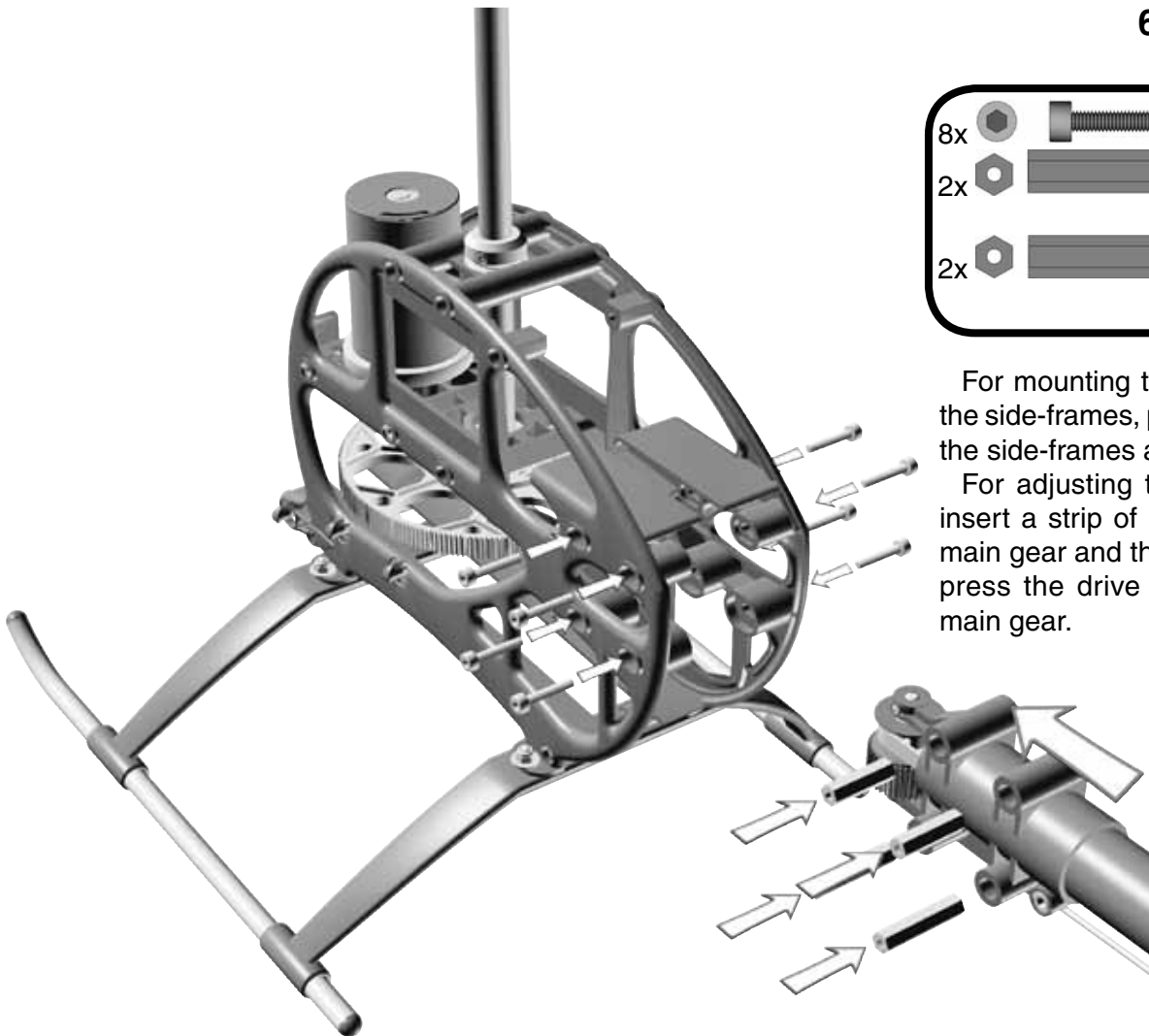
6.4 Installation

Bag 6 • Bag 12



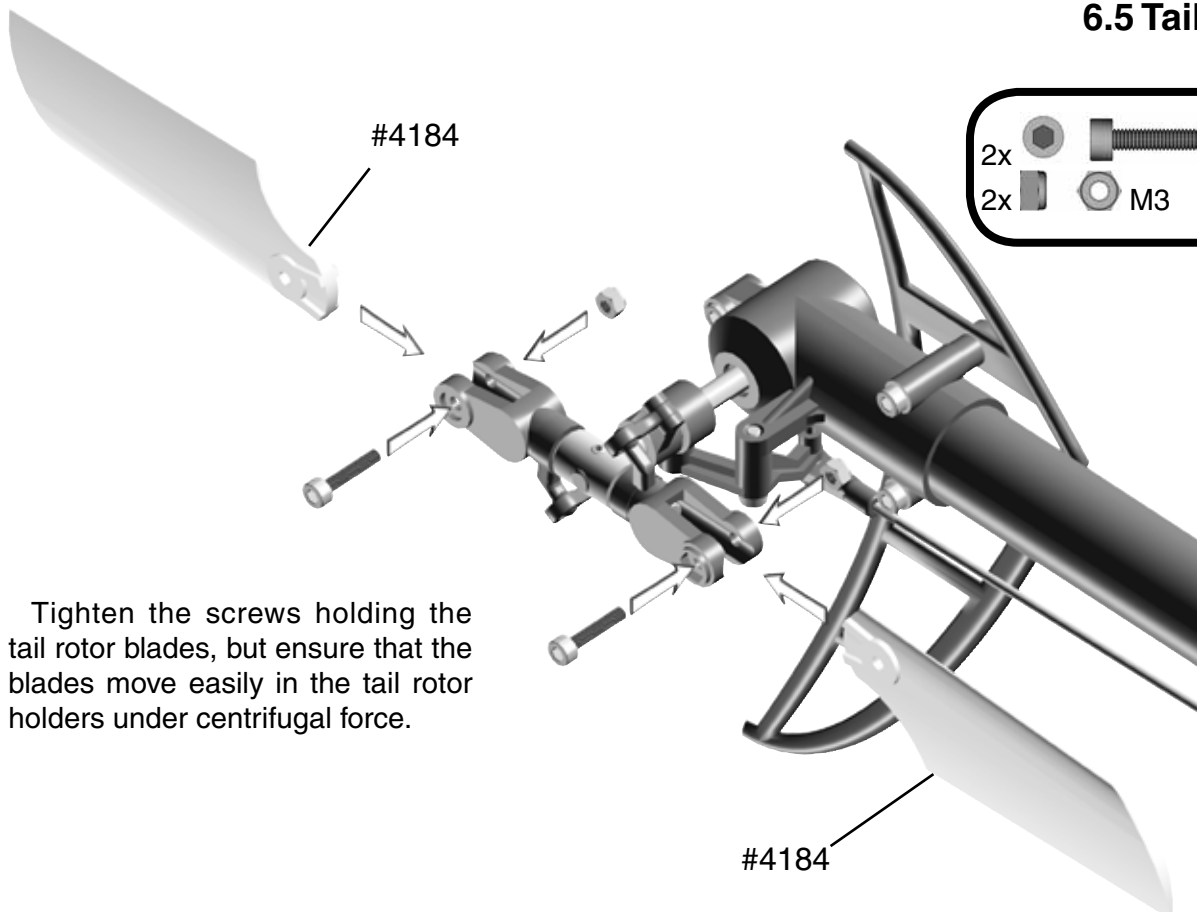
For mounting the tail assembly in the side-frames, pull the rear ends of the side-frames apart.

For adjusting the gear backlash, insert a strip of paper between the main gear and the drive pulley, then press the drive pulley against the main gear.



6.5 Tail Rotor Blades

Bag 5

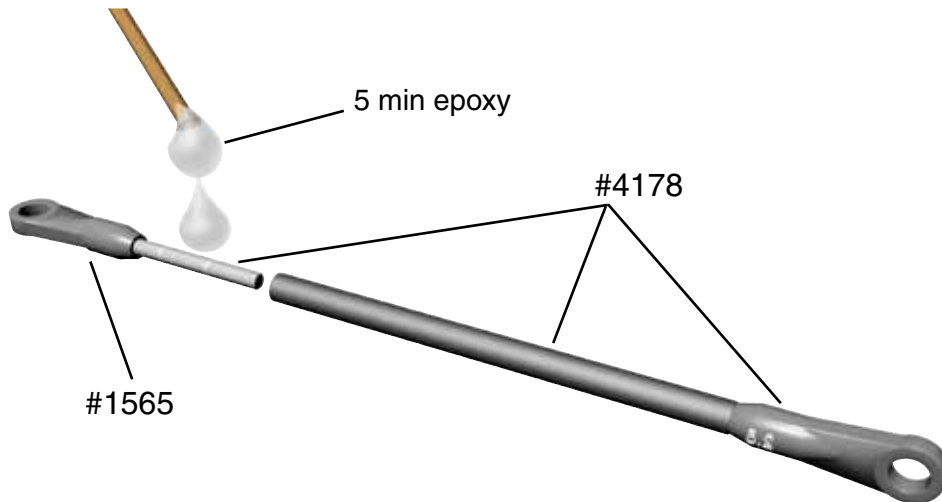


Tighten the screws holding the tail rotor blades, but ensure that the blades move easily in the tail rotor holders under centrifugal force.

6 Tail Boom

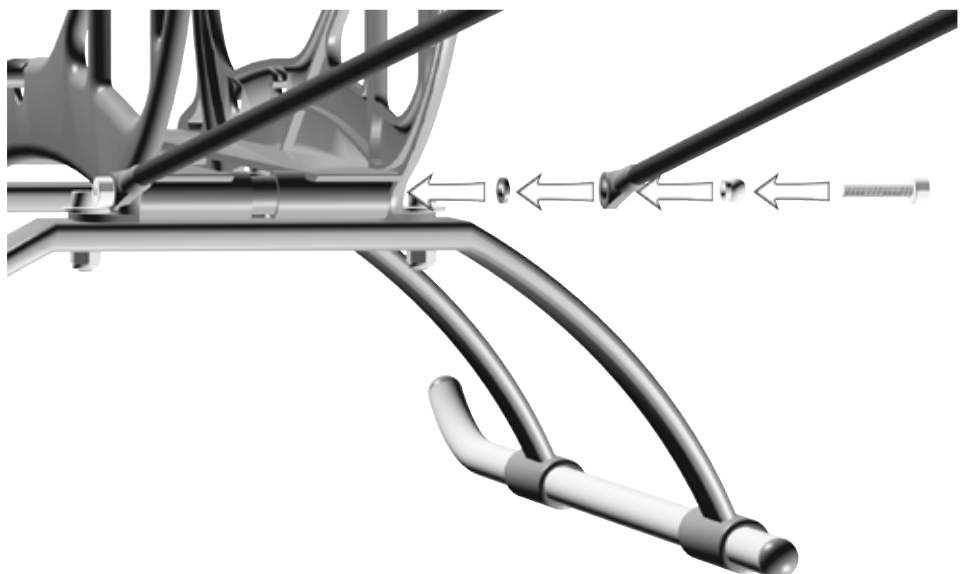
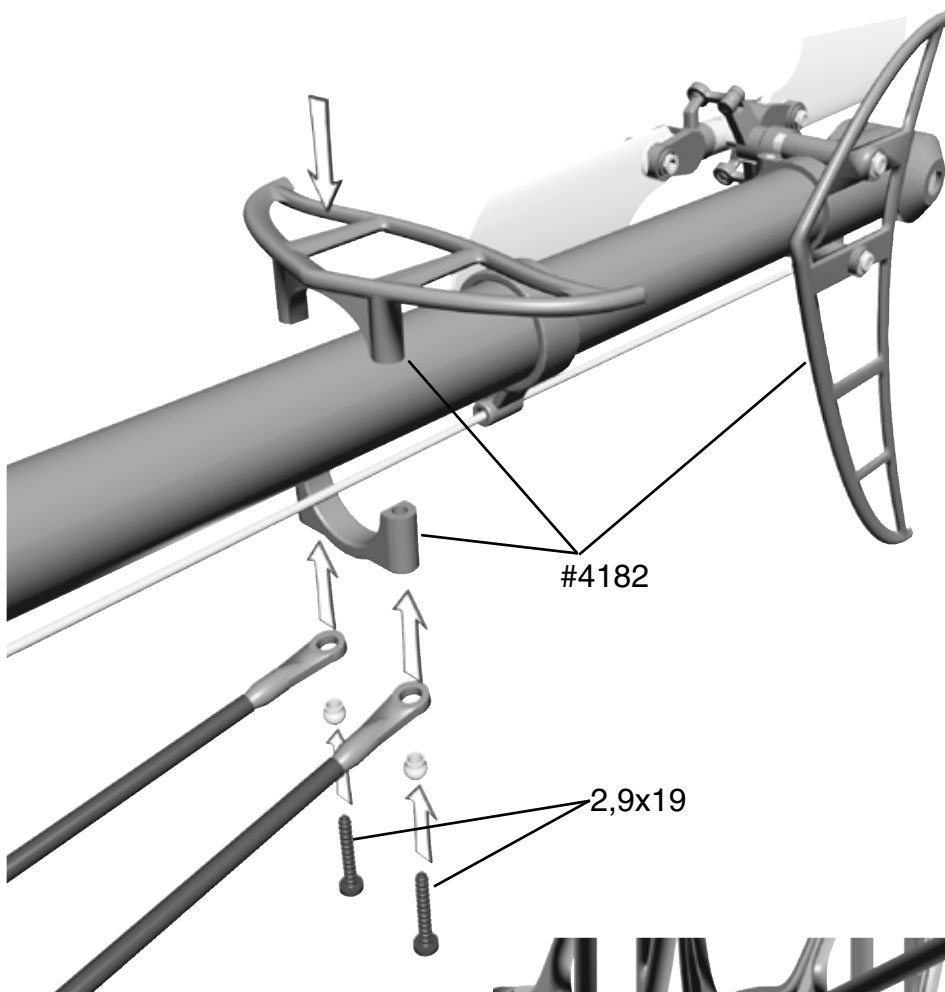
6.6 Tail Boom Brace

Bag 1 • Bag 6 • Bag 9

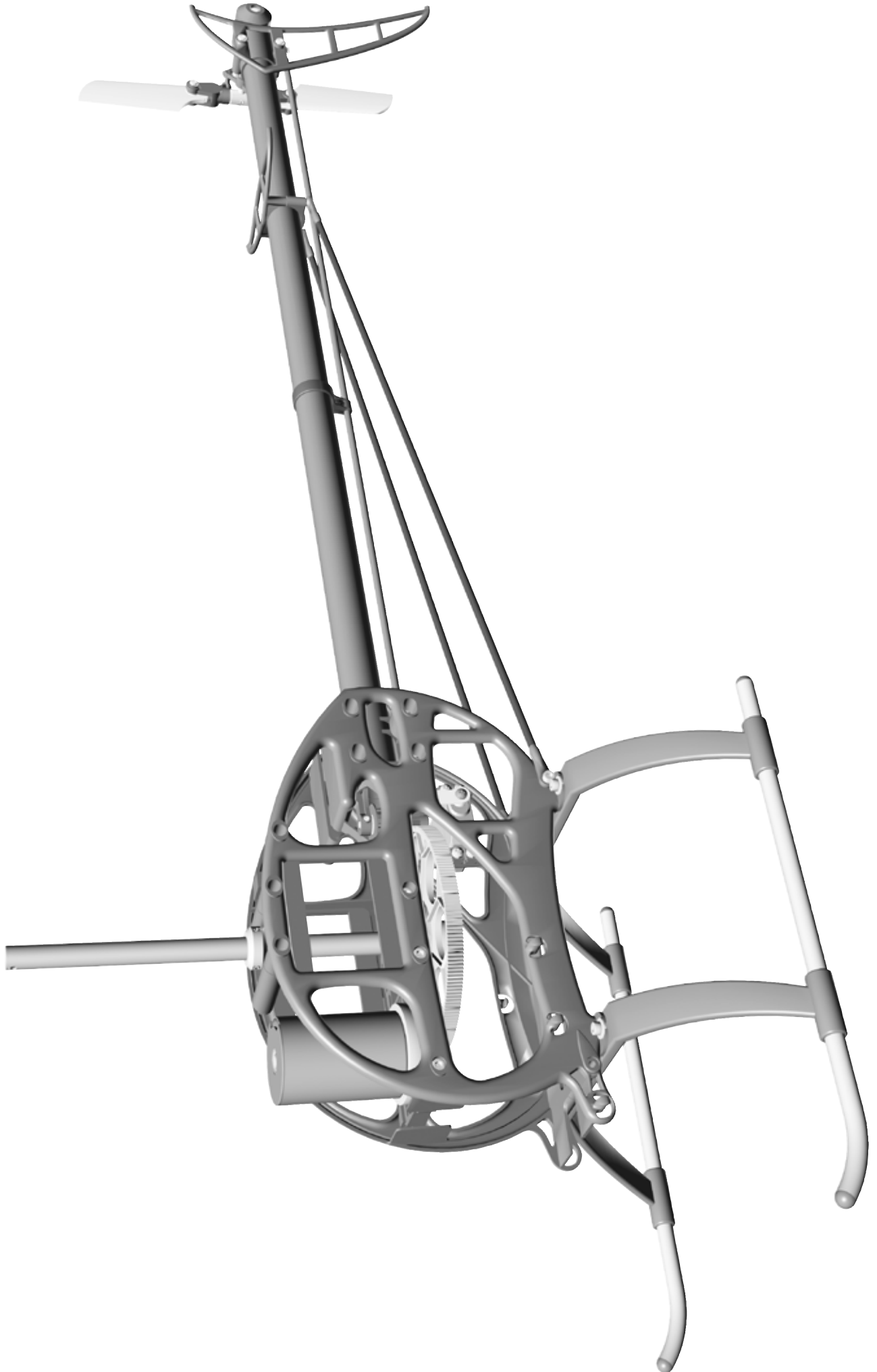


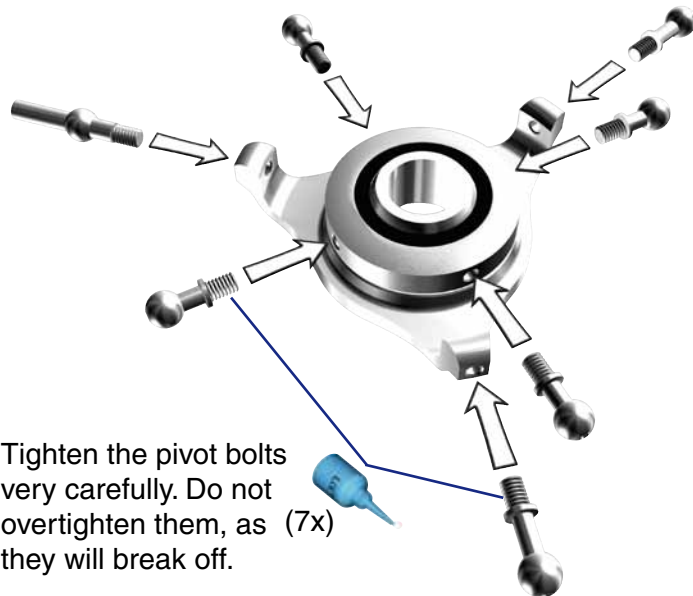
2x		2,9x19
2x		M3 #2074
4x		4,8 mm #1574
4x		M2,5x30 #2770
2x		M3x20 #1957
2x		3x5x2 #2463

The ball links should be screwed onto the control rod such that one is turned at 90 degrees with respect to the other.



7 Finished Main Frame & Tail Boom



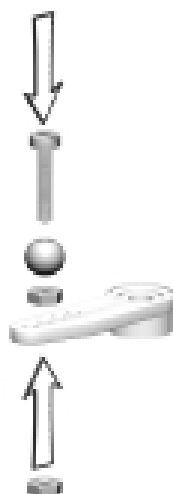


9 Servo Arms Bag 9

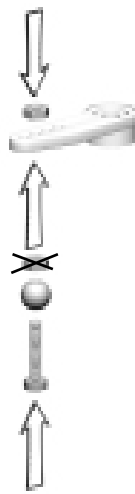
2x		M2x8	#1902
2x		M2x10	#1903
6x		M2	#2070
4x		4,8	#1570



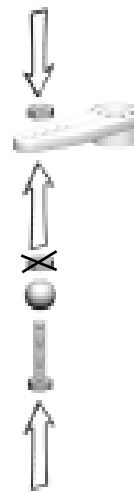
Rudder Servo



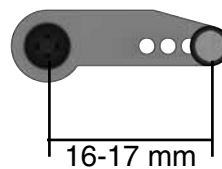
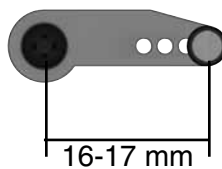
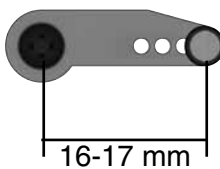
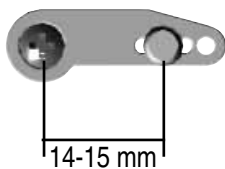
Elevator Servo



Aileron Servo



Aileron Servo



Rudder Servo



Elevator Servo



Aileron Servo left

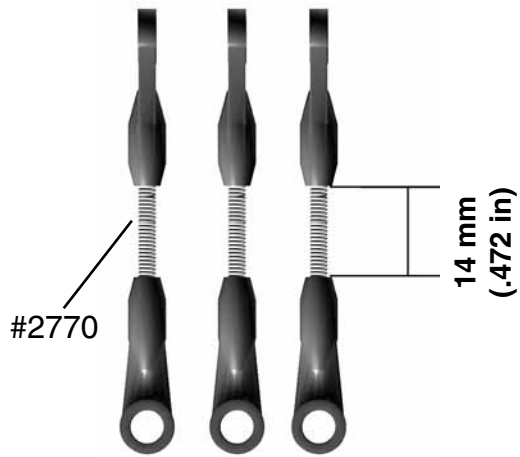


Aileron Servo right

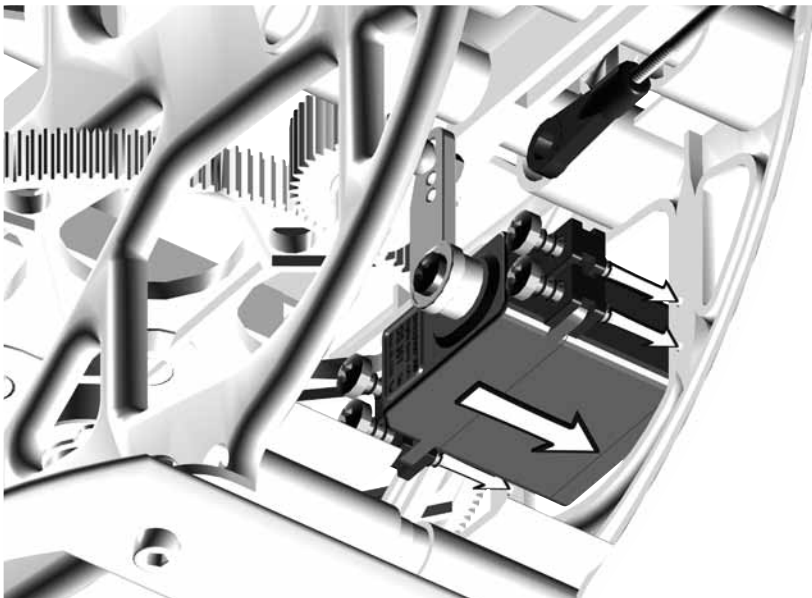
120° CCPM

10 Servo Installation

10.1 Linkage Bag 9



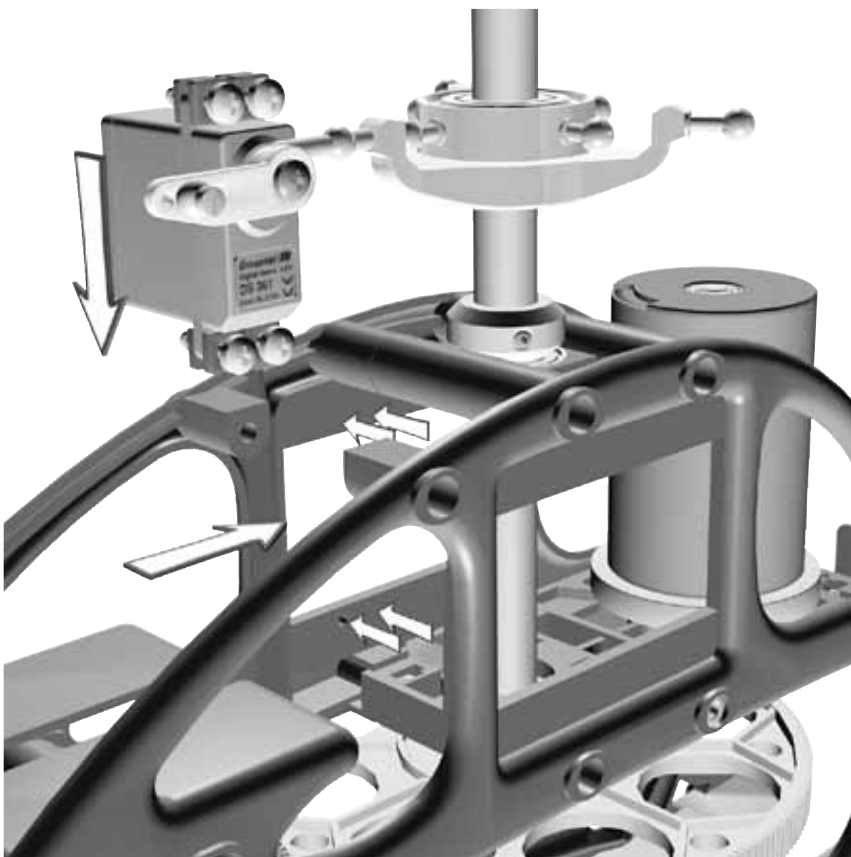
Linkage measurements for 3D
pitch range (-12° to +12°)



10.2 Tail Rotor Servo

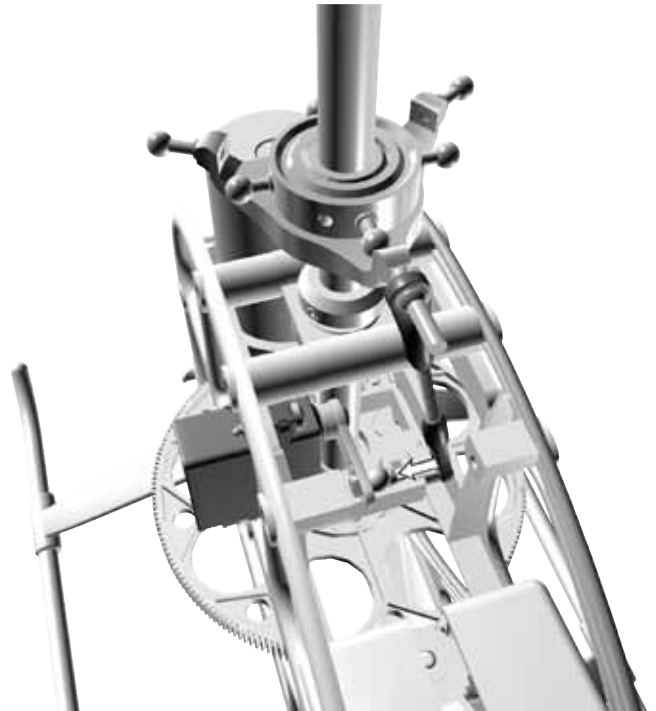
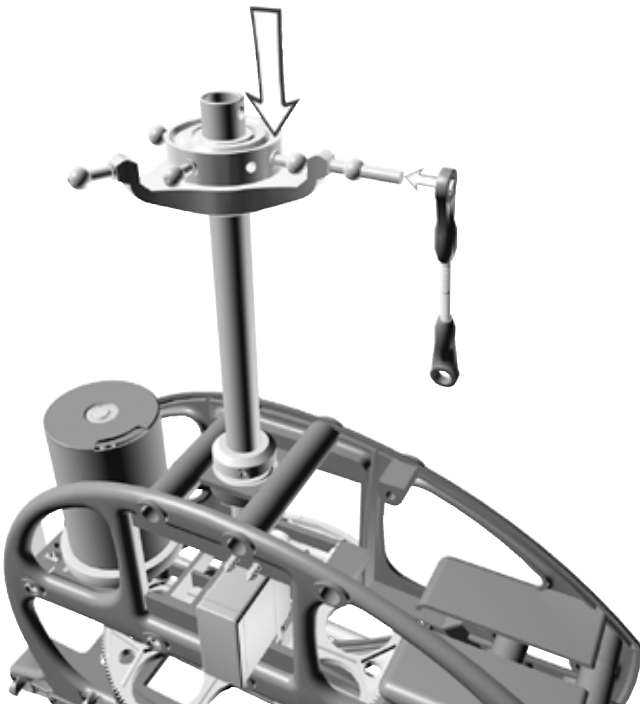
With LOGO 400 side-frames you can use two different sizes of tail rotor servos. A larger standard-size tail rotor servo can be mounted to the left side-frame, a smaller mini servo is mounted to right side-frame.

10.3 Elevator Servo

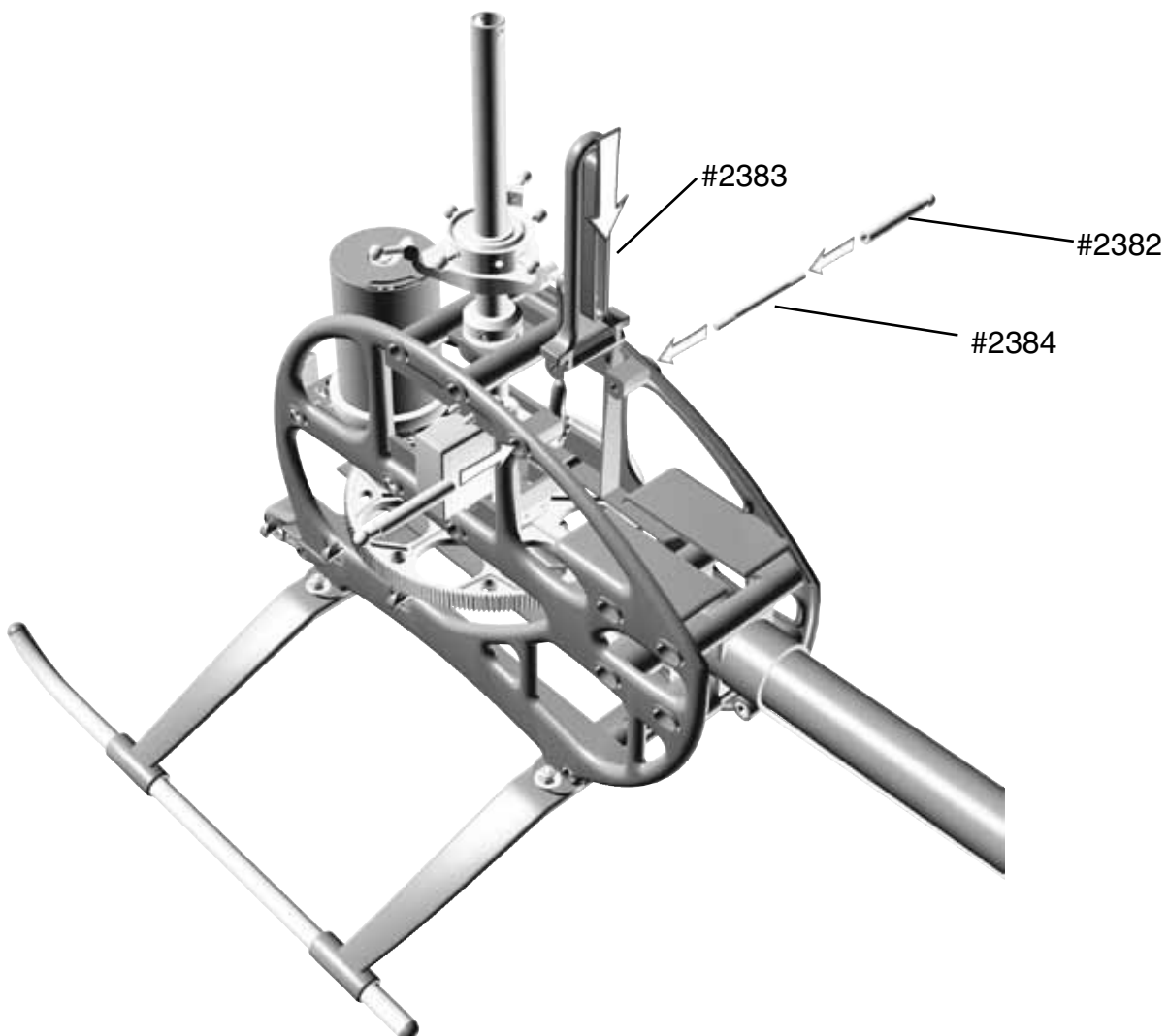


10 Servo Installation

10.4 Elevator Linkage/Swashplate

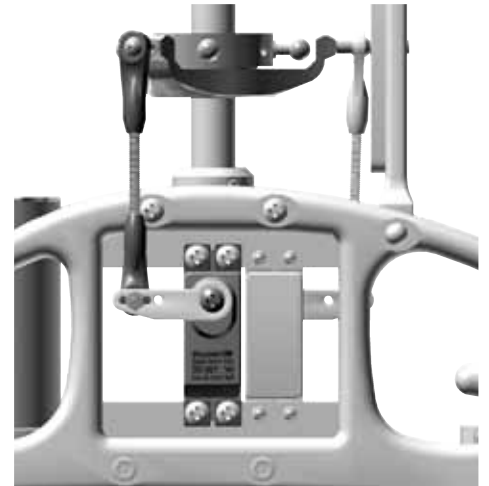
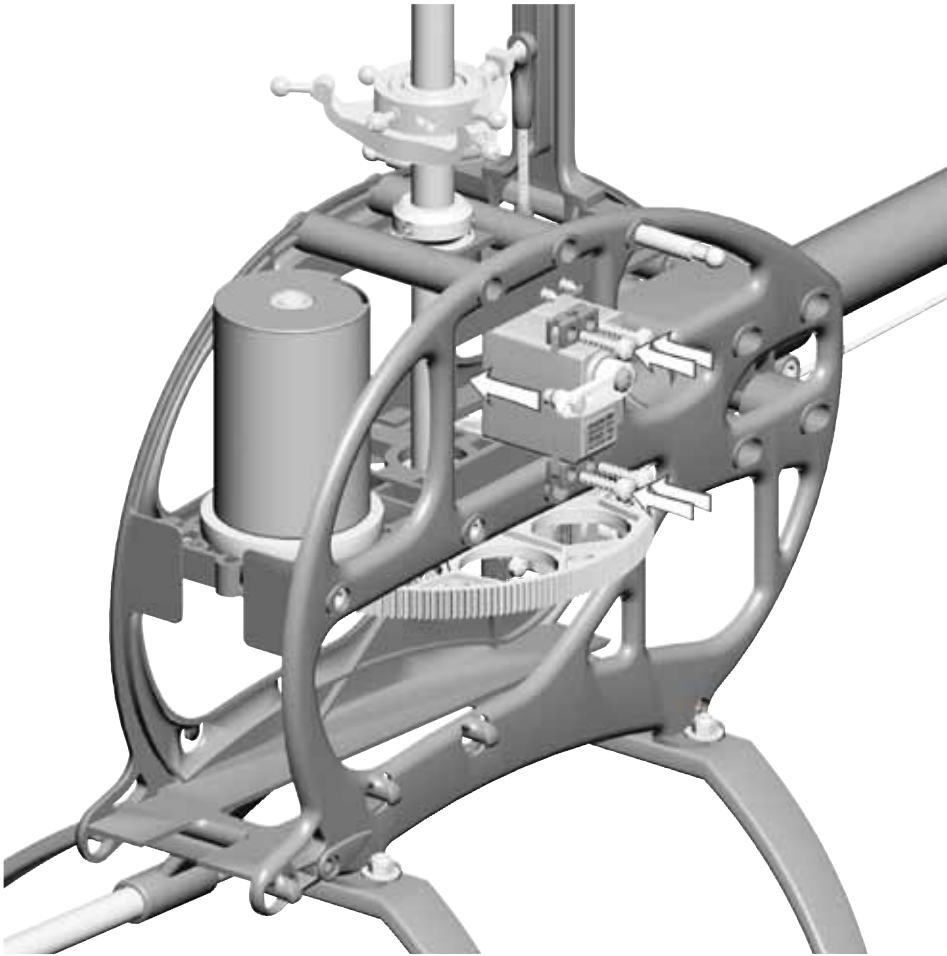


10.5 Canopy Fixing Bolts Bag 1

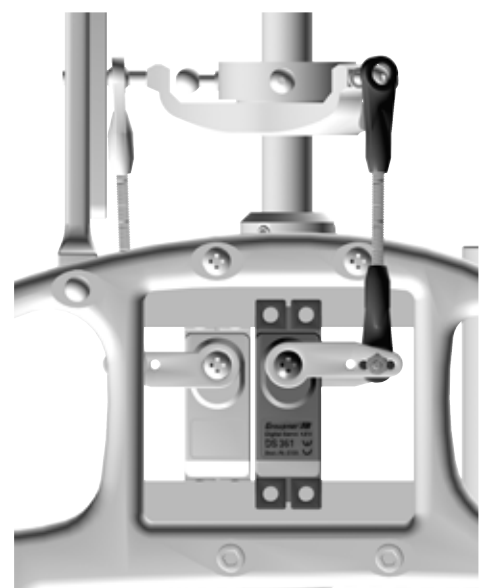
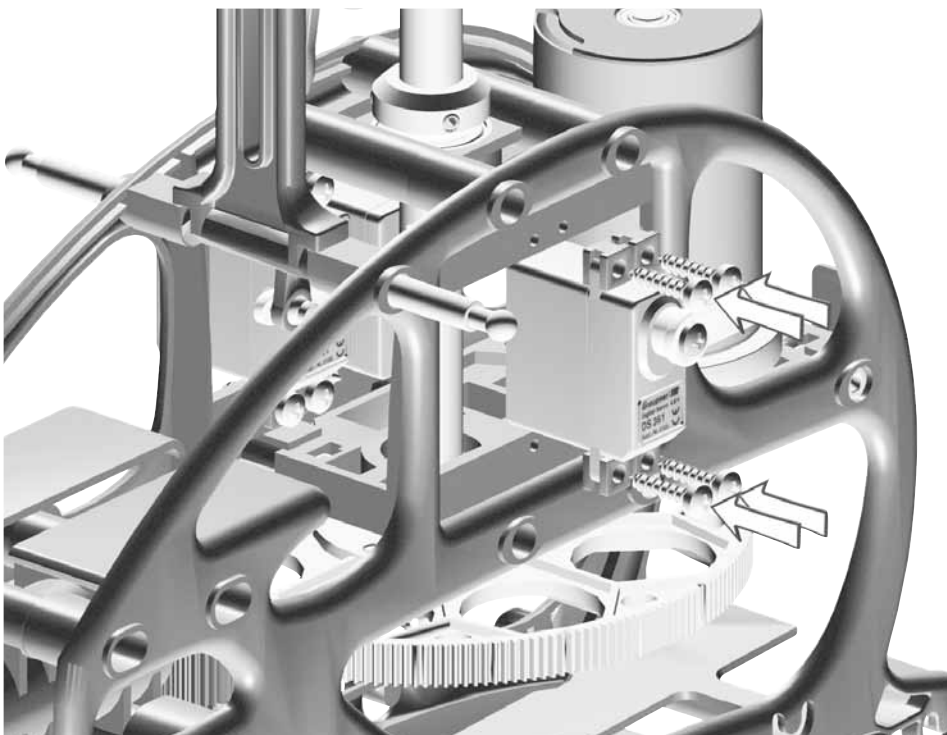


10 Servo Installation

10.6 Aileron Servo left

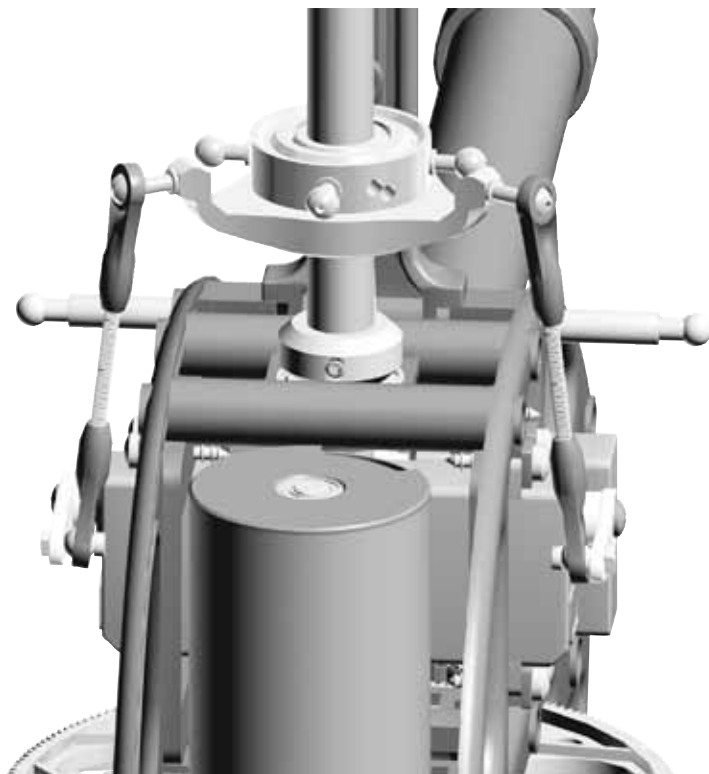
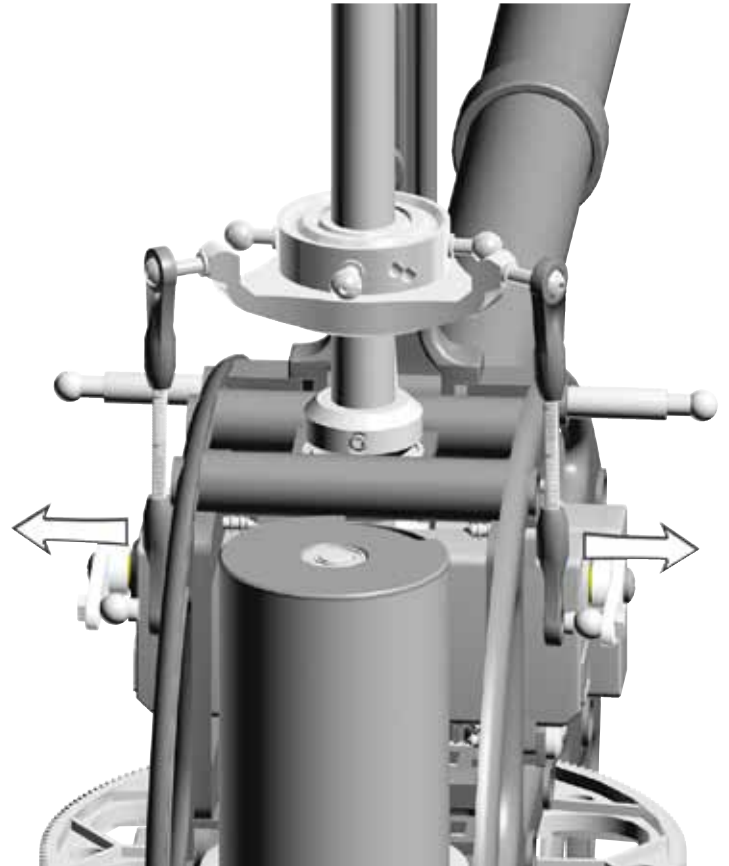
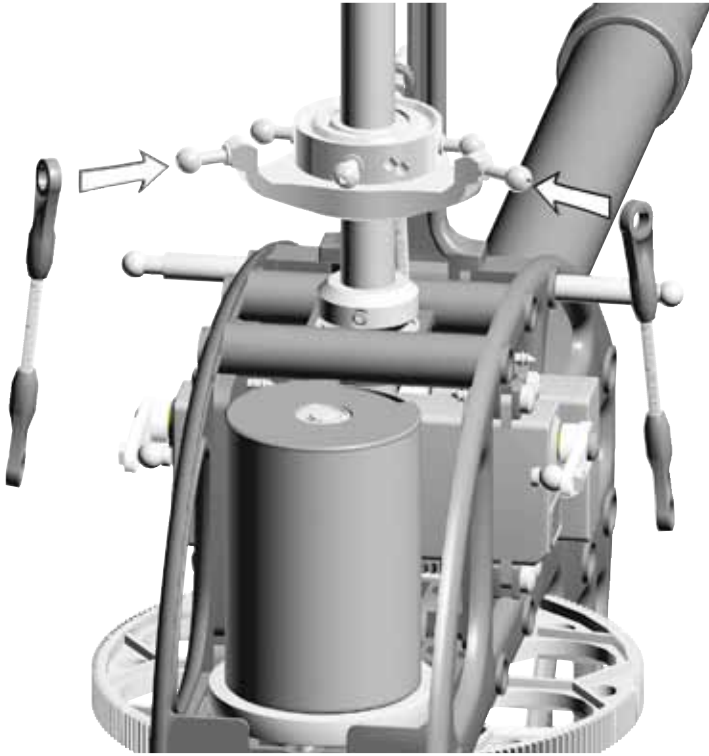


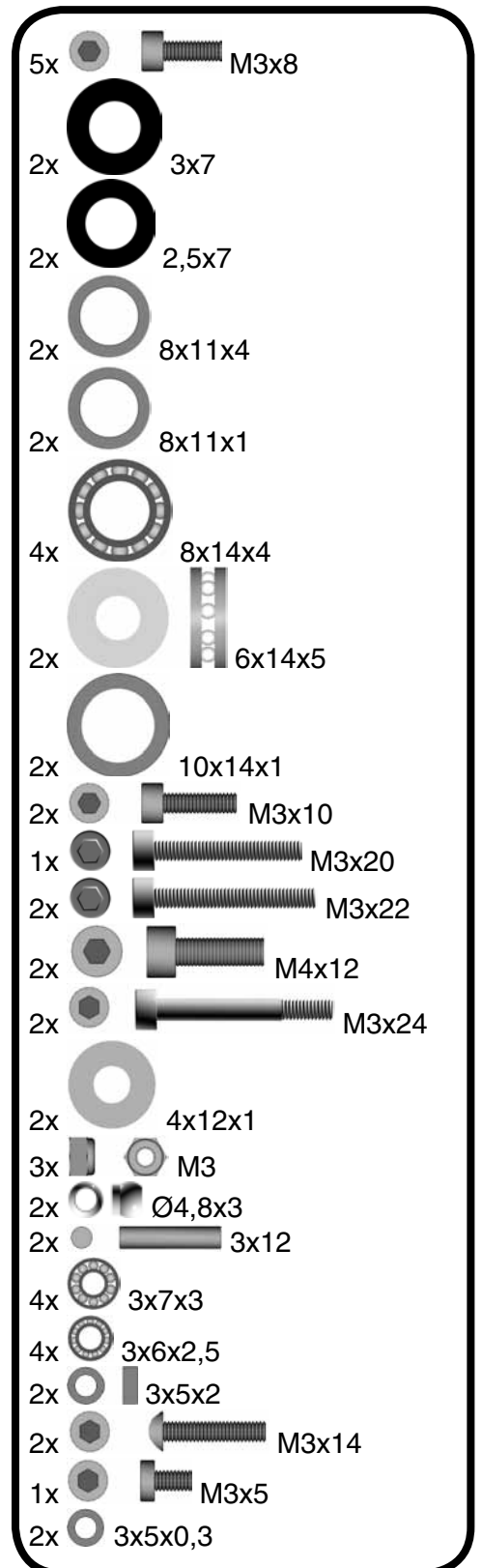
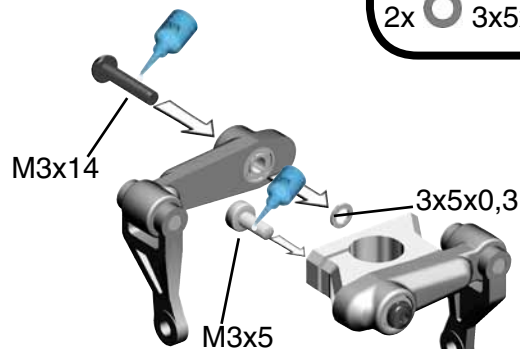
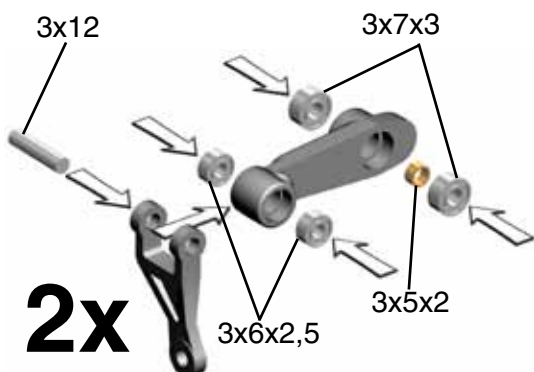
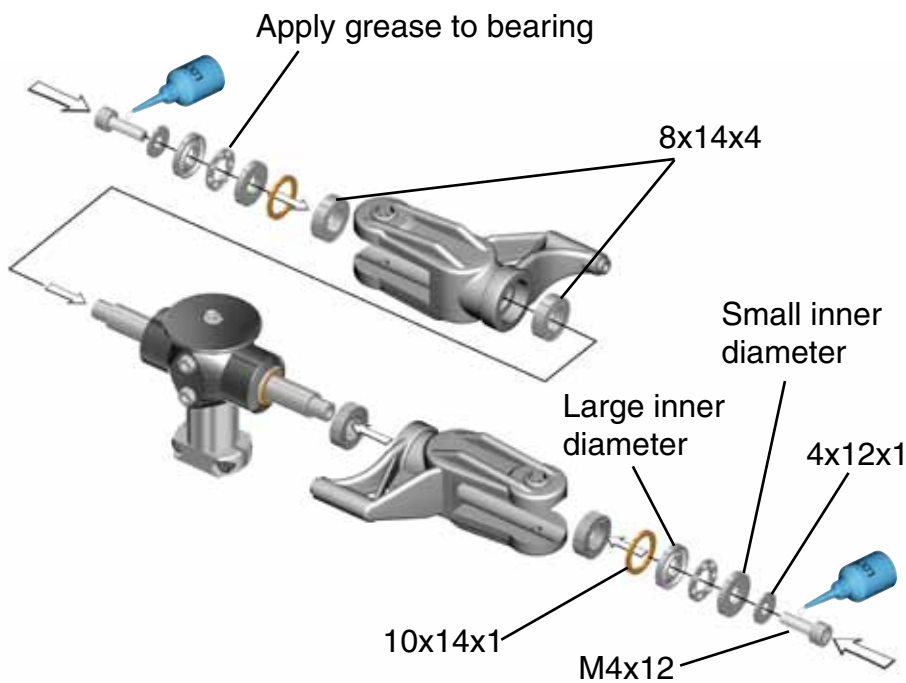
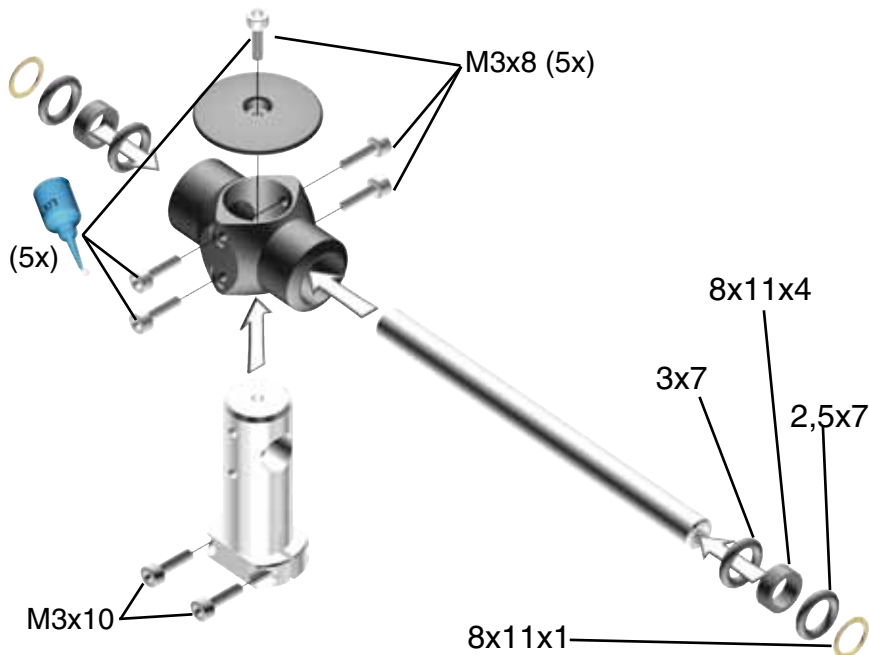
10.7 Aileron Servo right



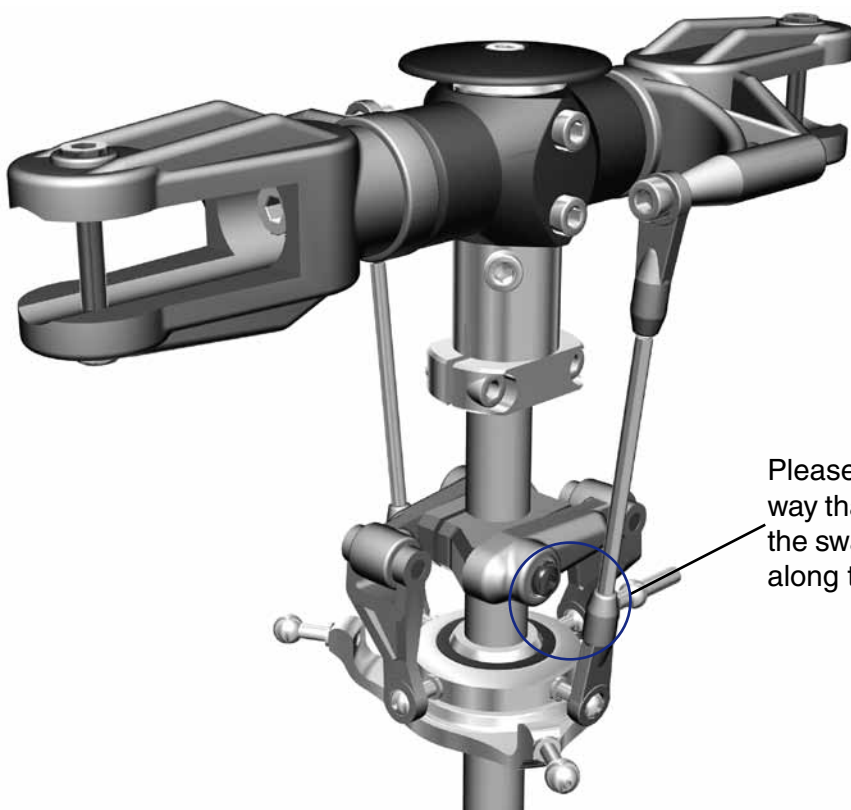
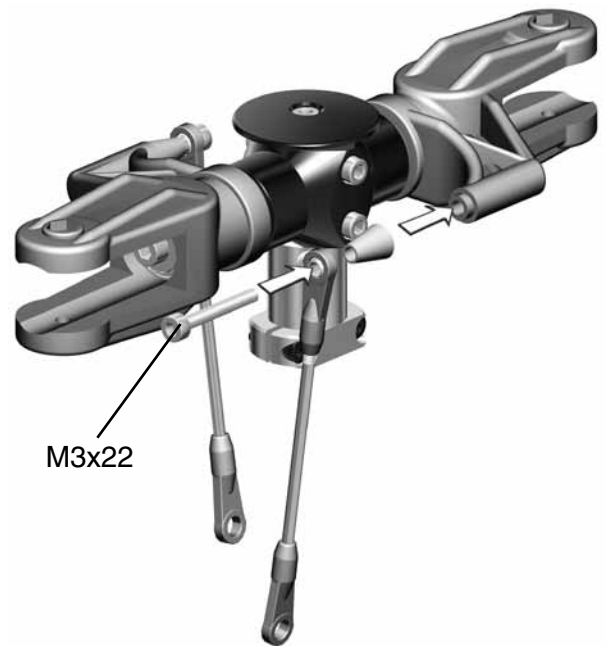
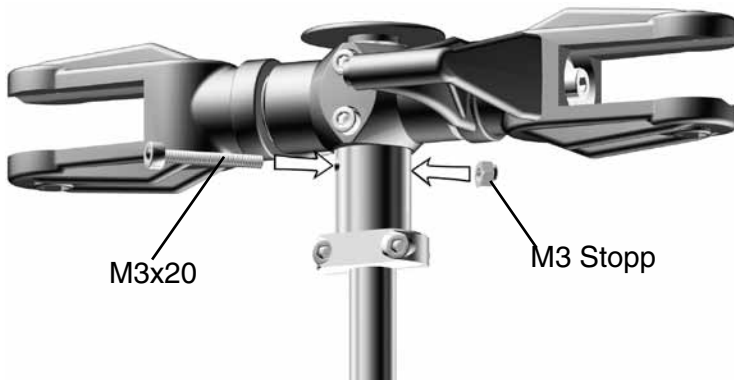
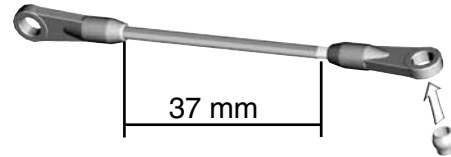
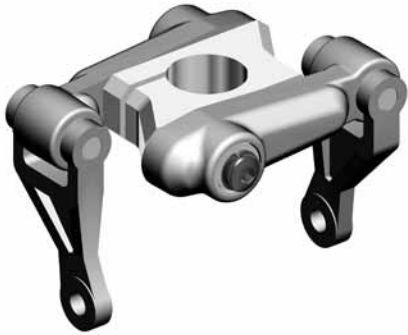
10 Servo Installation

10.8 Aileron Linkage





11 VBar Rotorhead



Please adjust the swashplate driver in such a way that the balls on the inner and outer ring of the swashplate are positioned exactly on a line along the longitudinal axis of the heli.

12 Battery Support

Bag 1 • Bag 12

